

COUNTY OF AMHERST, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016



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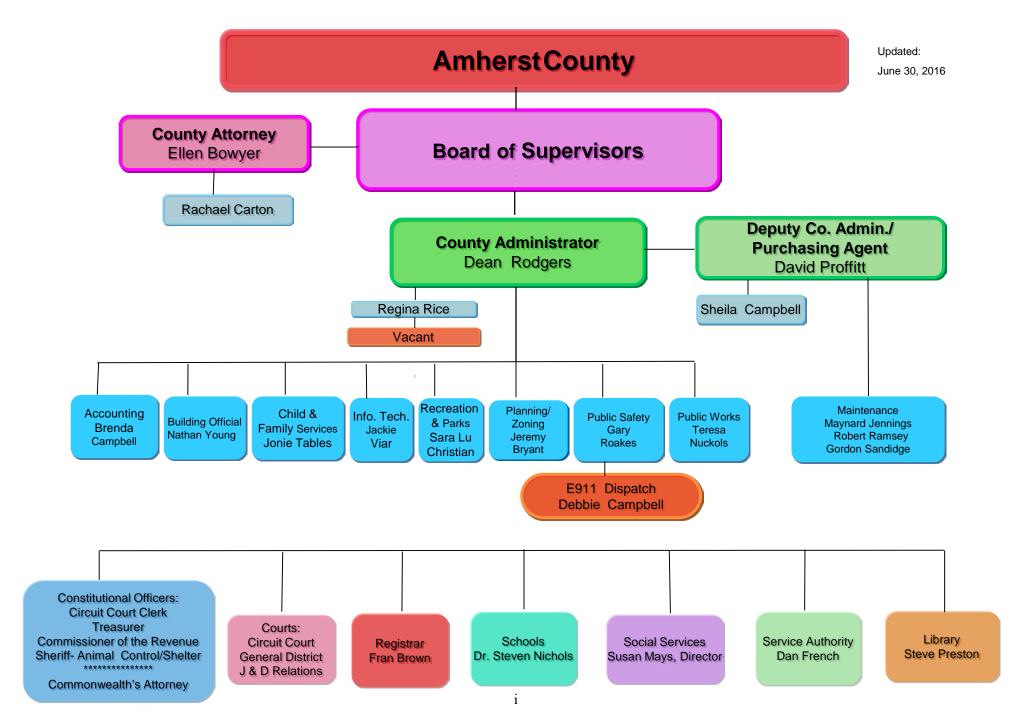
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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



DIRECTORY OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS June 30, 2016

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

John A. Marks, Jr., Chair David Pugh, Jr., Vice-Chair

L. J. Ayers, III Claudia D. Tucker Kenneth M. Campbell

SCHOOL BOARD

Alan Wood, Chair W. Michael Henderson, Vice-Chair

Priscilla Liggon Jennifer Cumby Patricia Massie
Randy Summers

SOCIAL SERVICES BOARD

Jack Hamilton, Chair Elynor D. Rose, Vice-Chair

John A. Marks, Jr. Juanita Roberson Wayne Stark

COUNTY LIBRARY BOARD

Jean Higginbothan, President Stephen Witham, Vice-President

Larry A. Langhans Robert B. Simpkins Ed Kryspin

DIRECTORY OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS June 30, 2016

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY BOARD

Calvin Kennon, Jr., Chair Michael J. Russell, Vice-Chair Edgar O. Kinnier, Jr., Treasurer

Donald T. Manley

Mitch Heishman David Wall Jennifer Moore

OTHER OFFICIALS

Judge of the Circuit Court	Michael Garrett
Clerk of the Circuit Court	Deborah C. Mozingo
Judge of the General District Court	Randy C. Krantz
Judge of the Juvenile & Domestic Relations Court	Jeffrey P. Bennett
County Attorney	Ellen Bowyer
Commonwealth's Attorney	W. Lyle Carver
Commissioner of the Revenue	Jane Irby
Treasurer	Garry L. Friend
Sheriff	E. W. Viar, Jr.
Superintendent of Schools	Dr. Steven Nichols
Clerk of the School Board	
Director of Social Services	Susan B. Mays
County Administrator	Dean Rodgers
Library Director	

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

Brown, Edwards & Company, L.L.P.

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Supervisors County of Amherst, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Amherst, Virginia (the "County") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties*, *Cities, and Towns* and the *Specifications for Authorities, Boards, and Commissions*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Report on the Financial Statements (Continued)

Auditor's Responsibility (Continued)

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Amherst, Virginia, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and other information section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary section and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Matters (Continued)

Other Information (Continued)

The introductory and other information sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 8, 2017 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

Lynchburg, Virginia February 8, 2017



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors To the Citizens of Amherst County County of Amherst, Virginia

The Management's Discussion and Analysis of the County's financial statements offers readers a narrative overview and analysis of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The County's local contribution to the Amherst County Schools (Education) is included in this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The reporting entity has total net position of \$47,346,661 at June 30, 2016. \$27,251,858, or 58%, of this amount represents the net position of governmental activities at year end. The remaining 42%, or \$20,094,803, reflects the net position of the County's business-type activity, the Amherst County Service Authority.
- In the prior year, capital expenses were not recorded as construction in progress and loans receivable were not recorded for the CDBG low-income housing project. This resulted in an adjustment in the County's 2015 net position. The net position was reported as \$25,383,793 and has been restated as \$25,933,918.
- \$9,367,673 is classified as unrestricted net position and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The County's total net position increased by \$2.4 million, the governmental activities increased \$1.3 million while business-type activities increased \$1.1 million.
- At the close of fiscal year 2016, the County's Statement of Activities shows the net position of governmental activities an increase from the previous year by \$1,317,940. (Exhibit 2)

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements,
- 2. Fund financial statements, and
- 3. Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> – The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements help in answering the question "Is the County as a whole better or worse as a result of the year's activities?" These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar

(Continued) 4a

to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. They take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when the cash is actually received or paid.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the County's assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources with the difference between these reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating. This is similar to a business' balance sheet.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned and unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County include general government, courts, police protection, fire and EMS, sanitation, social services, education, parks and recreation and community development. The business-type activities of the County are the centralized water and sewer services provided by the Service Authority

The Government-wide financial statements include not only the County of Amherst, Virginia itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate school district and an Economic Development Authority (EDA) for which the County of Amherst is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The Government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 5-6 of this report.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> – A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like all other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental funds</u> — *Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions or services reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. Whereas the government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, the governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The focus of modified accrual reporting is on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balance of financial resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Since the governmental funds focus is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements a reconciliation between the two methods is provided at the bottom of the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. This comparison of the two allows readers to better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions.

The County has three major governmental funds, the General Fund, the Special Revenue Fund, and the Capital Project Fund. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 7-10 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are established to account for the delivery of goods and services to the general public and use the accrual basis of accounting, similar to private sector business. The County maintains the accounting for one enterprise fund: the Amherst County Service Authority.

(Continued) 4b

The Amherst County Service Authority is a blended component unit of the County of Amherst. The Authority delivers goods and services to the general public by providing water and sewer services to the citizens of Amherst County.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 11-14 of this report.

Fiduciary funds

The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's agency funds. Agency funds are custodial funds used to provide accountability of client monies for which the County is custodian. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to support its operations. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 15 of this report.

<u>Notes to the financial statements</u> – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found on pages 16-67.

<u>Other information</u> – In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information for the School Board and the EDA. The School Board and the EDA do not issue separate financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The following table reflects condensed information for the County's net position. Percentage changes in the table below were rounded for the following narrative

Table 1 summarizes the Statement of Net Position for the primary government as of June 30, 2016 and 2015.

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Summary Statement of Net Position

as of June 30, 2016

Table 1 (\$ in millions)

_	Primary Government								
	Total								
	Governm	nental	Business	-Type	Prima	Percentage			
_	Activi	ties	Activi	ties	Govern	Change			
-	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015			
Cash and investments	\$29.0	\$28.6	\$2.8	\$2.7	\$31.8	\$31.3	1.6%		
Receivables, net	8.5	7.8	0.7	0.6	9.2	8.4	9.5%		
Due from other governments	1.4	1.5	-	-	1.4	1.5	-6.7%		
Inventories	-	-	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	50.0%		
Prepaid items	0.1	0.4	-	-	0.1	0.4	-75.0%		
Loans receivable	0.1	0.1	-	-	0.1	0.1	0.0%		
Restricted assets:									
Cash and investments	2.4	2.5	1.3	1.3	3.7	3.8	-2.6%		
Capital assets	29.1	27.0	29.0	28.8	58.1	55.8	4.9%		
Total Assets	70.6	67.9	34.1	33.6	104.7	101.5	3.6%		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS									
Deferred amount on refunding Pension contributions subsequent to	-	-	0.1	-	0.1	-	100.0%		
measurement date	0.9	0.9	0.1	-	1.0	0.9	11.1%		
Total deferred outflows of resource	0.9	0.9	0.2	-	1.1	0.9			
Accounts payable	2.8	0.7	0.2	0.2	3.0	0.9	233.3%		
Accrued liabilities	0.3	-	-	-	0.3	-	100.0%		
Customer deposits	-	-	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	-33.3%		
Accrued interest	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.0%		
Due to component unit	3.2	3.1	-	-	3.2	3.1	3.2%		
Long-term liabilities: (Notes 8 and 11)									
Net pension liability	3.5	3.4	0.4	-	3.9	3.4	14.7%		
Due within one year	1.7	1.8	0.6	0.5	2.3	2.3	0.0%		
Due in more than one year	17.5	18.7	12.3	12.9	29.8	31.6	-5.7%		
Total liabilities	29.2	28.0	13.9	14.0	43.1	42.0	2.6%		
DEFERRED INFLOWS									
Property taxes Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan	13.9	12.8	-	-	13.9	12.8	8.6%		
investments	1.2	2.1	0.3	-	1.5	2.1	-28.6%		
Total deferred inflows of resources	15.1	14.9	0.3		15.4	14.9	3.4%		
NET POSITION				-					
Net investment in capital assets	17.6	13.9	16.3	15.5	33.9	29.0	16.9%		
Restricted net position	0.2	-	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.3	0.0%		
Unrestricted net position	9.4	12.0	2.5	2.8	11.9	14.7	-18.4%		
Total net position	\$27.2	\$25.9	\$19.6	\$19.6	\$47.3	\$45.0	4.9%		

(Continued) 4d

Net position serves over time as a useful indicator of a County's financial position. In the case of the County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$47,346,661 at the close of the most recent fiscal year (Exhibit 1).

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County investment in capital assets represents approximately 72% of total net position. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; therefore these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Restricted net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. These funds are restricted for a required debt reserve for the Service Authority's outstanding bond, grant purposes, and CDBG loans receivable.

Assessed property values increased by \$30,136,652 during the year. The County's slight increase in revenue, of \$269,597, from property taxes only equated to a 1% difference from fiscal year 2015. The collection of delinquent taxes also showed a decline of approximately 70% and an increase in outstanding delinquent taxes of approximately 13% (See Table 7). Personal Property Tax Relief Act (PPTRA) revenue is included in this analysis. The Commonwealth of Virginia no longer reimburses at 70%, rather a ceiling was established and the County is eligible to receive \$2,199,000 per budget year. For the fiscal year 2016 budget year, the Board of Supervisors established the vehicle threshold as \$20,000 and approved a PPTRA rate of 39.98%.

The County was recipient of several grants to support activities and programs of these County functions: public safety, social services, recreation, and community development.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental funds</u> – The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. Unassigned fund balance represents the portion of the fund balance which has not been limited to use for a particular purpose by an external party, the County, or an authorized group or individual. As a result, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary spending.

At June 30, the County's governmental funds reported fund balances of \$20,262,746, an overall decrease of \$2,903,561 in comparison with the prior year. Of the \$20,262,746, approximately \$12.7 million constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. To ensure adequate fund availability for unanticipated expenditures, the County adopted a financial policy to provide cash flow reserves of at least 15% of the total annual General Fund expenditures inclusive of the transfer to the Amherst County Public Schools. This financial policy leaves \$7.1 million of spendable fund balance. The remainder of the fund balance is either nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned to indicate that it is obligated by either Board or management action for specific purposes. The decrease in fiscal 2016 was due to stagnant revenues, increased education expense, increased transfer to solid waste fund, and an increase in capital projects.

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Statement of Activities

The County's total revenues and expenses for governmental activities, business-type activities and the total primary government are reflected in the following table:

Changes in Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2016

Table 2

(\$ millions)

	Primary Government										
		Tot	al								
	Governi	mental	Busines	s-type	Primary Government						
	Activ	ities	Activ	ities							
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015					
Revenues											
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$2.9	\$2.9	\$4.0	\$3.4	\$6.9	\$6.3					
Operating grants and contributions	5.6	5.5	-	-	5.6	5.5					
Capital grants and contributions	0.4	0.4	-	-	0.4	0.4					
General revenues:											
General property taxes	22	21.7	-	_	22	21.7					
Other local taxes	7	6.9	-	_	7	6.9					
Use of money and property	0.1	0.2	-	_	0.1	0.2					
Non-categorical aid	2.5	2.4	-	_	2.5	2.4					
Capital contribution	_	-	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7					
Other general revenues	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4					
Total revenues	\$40.6	\$40.2	\$4.9	\$4.3	\$45.5	\$44.5					
Expenses											
General government	2.3	2.3	_	_	2.3	2.3					
Judicial administration	1.3	1.3	-	_	1.3	1.3					
Public safety	10.1	10.6	-	-	10.1	10.6					
Public works	3.4	3.3	-	-	3.4	3.3					
Health and welfare	4.1	3.8	-	-	4.1	3.8					
Education	15.7	14.4	-	-	15.7	14.4					
Parks, recreation, and cultural	1.2	1.6	-	-	1.2	1.6					
Community development	0.6	1.4	-	-	0.6	1.4					
Interest on long-term debt	0.6	0.7	-	_	0.6	0.7					
Water and sewer			3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8					
Total expenses	39.3	39.3	3.8	3.8	43.1	43.2					
Change in net position	\$1.30	\$0.90	\$1.10	\$0.50	\$2.40	\$1.30					

Table 2 may differ from Exhibit 2 due to rounding

- The increase in operating grants and contributions is due to a combination of items; increased funding for Social Services, increased judicial funding, and increased general government operations funding.
- The increase in general property taxes was due to an increase in assessed value.
- The increase in other local taxes was a result of increased sales tax and meals tax revenue.
- Public Safety expenses decreased during the current year. The expenses in the prior fiscal year included
 costs in completing the purchase of radios for the new Regional Radio system; and the purchase of Sheriff
 vehicles, which were greater in fiscal year 2015 than fiscal year 2016.
- The expenditures for Education was greater in the current year in comparison those of fiscal year 2015.

The County's delinquency rate on current levy increased in comparison to the delinquency rate of fiscal year 2015. However, in comparison to the fiscal year 2015 audit, the delinquency rates of the prior years were unchanged for fiscal year 2016. The trend should be monitored closely to ensure the increase does not continue.

	Delinquency
Fiscal Year	Rate
2010-2011	7.18%
2011-2012	6.65%
2012-2013	4.97%
2013-2014	5.14%
2014-2015	4.25%
2015-2016	4 48%

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

<u>Capital assets</u> — Capital assets of the County carry a value total of 29,144,572; the School Board's totals \$18,170,640; and the Service Authority's totals \$29,030,167 (net of accumulated depreciation). This includes infrastructure, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment. There are several ongoing projects with school infrastructure, renovations of the administration building, and renovations of the train depot. For the current fiscal year the County's construction in progress has a value of \$3,542,355.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 8.

<u>Long-term debt</u> – At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total obligations outstanding of \$19,174,639. Of this amount \$8,975,000 represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e. revenue bonds). The remainder is comprised of debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County. The County's total long-term obligations decreased during the current fiscal year by \$1,372,723.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 9 of this report.

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Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- In October 2016, the County's unemployment rate was 4.40%, which is 0.90% lower than it was in October 2015.
- > The tax rate increased over 2016 by \$0.05 for a tax rate of \$0.61 for real property for every \$100 of assessed value for 2016; however the personal property tax rate of \$3.45 remained the same for the 2016 calendar year. Tax rate detail is provided in Table 6 of this report.
- The enrollment in public schools decreased in fiscal year 2016 by 1% from 4,268 to 4,216. School enrollment is projected to decline over the next year by 2%.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County of Amherst, Virginia's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the County Administrator, P. O. Box 390, and 153 Washington Street, Amherst, Virginia 24521.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2016

(Except for Business-Type Activities which are as of December 31, 2015)

	Primary Go	overnment		Discretely Presented Component Units			
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Economic Development Authority	School Board		
ASSETS Cash and investments (Note 3) Receivables, net (Note 4)	\$ 28,994,105 8,457,131	\$ 2,842,603 665,156	\$ 31,836,708 9,122,287	\$ 145,449	\$ 1,858,348 253,654		
Due from primary government Due from other governments (Note 6)	1,389,148	-	1,389,148	- - -	3,185,053 1,478,477		
Inventories Prepaid items Loans receivable (Note 5)	101,284 156,477	260,268 - -	260,268 101,284 156,477	- - -	61,716 -		
Restricted assets (Note 3) Cash and investments Net pension asset (Note 12)	2,371,906	1,278,952	3,650,858	- -	- 691,222		
Capital assets: (Note 8) Nondepreciable	5,910,665	623,523	6,534,188	329,509	309,181		
Depreciable, net Total assets	23,233,907 70,614,623	28,406,644 34,077,146	51,640,551 104,691,769	937,220	17,861,459 25,699,110		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	70,014,023	34,077,140	104,091,709	931,220	23,099,110		
OF RESOURCES Deferred amount on refunding Pension-related deferred	-	32,159	32,159	-	-		
outflows (Notes 10, 11, 12, and 13)	946,476	131,937	1,078,413		3,600,460		
Total deferred outflows of resources	946,476	164,096	1,110,572		3,600,460		
LIABILITIES	2.769.120	170 155	2.046.295	17.042	45 470		
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	2,768,130 322,604	178,155	2,946,285 322,604	17,942 14,737	45,478 5,078,599		
Customer deposits	-	258,065	258,065	-	-		
Accrued interest	256,812	128,602	385,414	-	-		
Due to component unit	3,185,053	-	3,185,053	- 0.252	-		
Unearned revenue Long-term liabilities:	-	-	-	8,253	-		
Net pension liability (Notes 10, 11, and 13) Due within one year (Notes 9 and 15)	3,531,759 1,676,229	424,007 570,447	3,955,766 2,246,676	32,867	39,132,000 62,622		
Due in more than one year (Notes 9 and 15)	17,498,410	12,327,433	29,825,843	849,247	563,595		
Total liabilities	29,238,997	13,886,709	43,125,706	923,046	44,882,294		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Property taxes Pension-related deferred	13,859,195	-	13,859,195	-	-		
inflows (Notes 10, 11, 12, and 13)	1,211,049	259,730	1,470,779		3,853,989		
Total deferred inflows of resources	15,070,244	259,730	15,329,974		3,853,989		
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	17,577,708	16,274,758	33,852,466	606,461	18,170,640		
Debt service	-	1,278,952	1,278,952	-	-		
Community development loans Grants	156,477 150,000	-	156,477 150,000	-	-		
Unrestricted net position (deficit)	9,367,673	2,541,093	11,908,766	(592,287)	(37,607,353)		
Total net position	\$ 27,251,858	\$ 20,094,803	\$ 47,346,661	\$ 14,174	\$ (19,436,713)		

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2016
(Except for Business-Type Activities which are as of December 31, 2015)

		Program Revenues					Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position								
		-									_		_	Discretely	
										Prin	nary Government			Compon	ent Unit
					Operating		Capital				Business-			Economic	
			Charges for		Grants and		Grants and	(Governmental		Type			Development	
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services		Contributions		Contributions		Activities		Activities		Total	Authority	School Board
Primary Government:															
Governmental activities:															
General government	\$ 2,252,	063	\$ 516,740	\$	493,892	\$	_	\$	(1,241,431)	\$	_	\$	(1,241,431)	\$ -	\$ -
Judicial administration	1,279,	139	385,425		774,521		_		(119,493)		_		(119,493)	-	-
Public safety	10,108,	531	1,400,732		1,764,779		_		(6,943,120)		_		(6,943,120)	-	-
Public works	3,380,	591	371,802		11,380		372,909		(2,624,500)		_		(2,624,500)	-	-
Health and welfare	4,133,	175	66,367		2,411,822		-		(1,654,986)		_		(1,654,986)	-	-
Education	15,663,	137	-		· -		-		(15,663,137)		-		(15,663,137)	-	-
Parks, recreation, and cultural	1,221,	157	124,186		146,845		_		(950,126)		_		(950,126)	-	-
Community development	655,	103	-		_		25,339		(629,764)		_		(629,764)	-	-
Interest on long-term debt	600,	798	-		-		-		(600,798)		-		(600,798)	-	-
Total governmental activities	39,294,)94	2,865,252		5,603,239		398,248		(30,427,355)		-		(30,427,355)		
Business-type activities:															
Water and sewer	3,792,	350	3,954,796		-				-		162,446		162,446		
Total primary government	\$ 43,086,	144	\$ 6,820,048	\$	5,603,239	\$	398,248		(30,427,355)		162,446		(30,264,909)		
Component Units:	•														
Economic Development Authority	\$ 366,	776	\$ -	\$	_	\$	_		_		_		_	(366,776)	_
School Board	45,457,		1,650,523		29,822,088				-					-	(13,984,709)
Total component units	\$ 45,824,	096	\$ 1,650,523	\$	29,822,088	\$	-		-		-			(366,776)	(13,984,709)
	General revenues														
	General prop		kes						21,990,825		-		21,990,825	-	-
	Other local ta														
	Local sale								2,550,304		-		2,550,304	-	-
	Consumer		ty tax						2,044,472		-		2,044,472	-	-
	Business l								380,601		-		380,601	=	=
			ense taxes						723,346		-		723,346	-	-
	Restauran		axes						957,337 365,881		-		957,337 365,881	-	-
	Other taxe		es from use of mone	ri ond n	mom outs:				124,223		1,306		125,529	154,042	23,271
	Miscellaneou		es from use of mone	y anu p	торену				141,268		249,798		391,066	21,166	159,346
	County contr								141,208		249,790		391,000	144,830	14,632,200
	Capital contr								-		674,682		674,682	144,630	14,032,200
			tions not restricted t	n sneci	fic programs				2,467,038		074,082		2,467,038	- -	-
	Total gene			o speci	ne programs				31,745,295		925,786		32,671,081	320,038	14,814,817
	Change in								1,317,940	_	1,088,232		2,406,172	(46,738)	830,108
		•	JULY 1, as restate	d (Note	24)				25,933,918		19,006,571		44,940,489	60,912	(20,266,821)
	NET POSITIO		,	4 (11010	. 27)			\$	27,251,858	\$	20,094,803	\$	47,346,661	\$ 14,174	\$ (19,436,713)
	MET LOSITIO	11 /11	JUINE SU					φ	41,431,030	φ	20,074,003	Ф	47,540,001	φ 14,1/4	φ (17,430,713)

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2016

		General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	 Total
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$	23,664,500	\$ 5,154,168	\$ 175,437	\$ 28,994,105
Receivables, net		8,425,562	31,569	-	8,457,131
Prepaid expenses		101,284	-	_	101,284
Due from other funds		417,980	-	-	417,980
Due from other governments		1,389,148	-	_	1,389,148
Loans receivable		-	156,477	-	156,477
Cash and investments, restricted			 	 2,371,906	 2,371,906
Total assets	\$	33,998,474	\$ 5,342,214	\$ 2,547,343	\$ 41,888,031
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	320,510	\$ 148,295	\$ 2,165,654	\$ 2,634,459
Retainage payable		-	1,000	132,671	133,671
Accrued liabilities		311,227	11,377	_	322,604
Due to other funds		-	-	417,980	417,980
Due to component unit	_	3,185,053	 -	 	 3,185,053
Total liabilities		3,816,790	 160,672	 2,716,305	 6,693,767
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable/unearned revenues		14,931,518	 	 	 14,931,518
FUND BALANCES (Note 18)					
Nonspendable		101,284	-	-	101,284
Restricted		150,000	156,477	-	306,477
Committed		588,061	-	-	588,061
Assigned		1,514,023	5,025,065	-	6,539,088
Unassigned		12,896,798	 -	 (168,962)	 12,727,836
Total fund balances (deficit)		15,250,166	 5,181,542	 (168,962)	 20,262,746
Total liabilities, deferred inflows,					
and fund balances	\$	33,998,474	\$ 5,342,214	\$ 2,547,343	\$ 41,888,031

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2016

Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 – Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	\$ 20,262,746
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	29,144,572
Certain receivables are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	1,072,323
Financial statement elements related to pension are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Deferred outflows of resources related to pension Deferred inflows of resources related to pension Net pension liability	946,476 (1,211,049) (3,531,759)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Bonds payable, net of premiums and discounts	(13,938,770)
Accrued interest Compensated absences Landfill closure and post-closure costs	(256,812) (1,000,838) (4,235,031)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 27,251,858

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2016

	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Total
REVENUES				
General property taxes	\$ 21,919,213	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,919,213
Other local taxes	7,021,941	-	-	7,021,941
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	166,321	-	-	166,321
Fines and forfeitures	278,583	-	-	278,583
Revenue from the use of money and property	115,046	-	9,177	124,223
Charges for services	1,491,147	408,669	-	1,899,816
Miscellaneous Recovered costs	82,632 529,830	58,636 979	-	141,268
Intergovernmental revenues:	329,830	979	-	530,809
Commonwealth	6,768,468	136,324	_	6,904,792
Federal	1,226,440	429,892	_	1,656,332
Total revenues	39,599,621	1,034,500	9,177	40,643,298
EXPENDITURES	37,577,021	1,031,500	7,177	10,013,270
Current:				
General government	2,470,122	_	_	2,470,122
Judicial administration	1,234,688	-	=	1,234,688
Public safety	10,917,683	76,631	-	10,994,314
Public works	1,082,970	1,703,944	-	2,786,914
Health and welfare	4,253,852	-	-	4,253,852
Education	14,545,851	-	-	14,545,851
Parks, recreation, and cultural	1,107,223	206,596	=	1,313,819
Community development	612,556	43,106	-	655,662
Nondepartmental	136,625	-	2 (52 902	136,625
Capital projects Debt service	93,136	-	2,653,892	2,747,028
Principal Principal	1,740,802	_	_	1,740,802
Interest	667,182	<u>-</u>		667,182
Total expenditures	38,862,690	2,030,277	2,653,892	43,546,859
	30,002,000	2,030,277	2,000,002	13,5 10,055
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	736,931	(995,777)	(2,644,715)	(2,903,561)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in (Note 6)	-	1,552,571	-	1,552,571
Transfers out (Note 6)	(1,552,571)			(1,552,571)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,552,571)	1,552,571		
Net change in fund balances	(815,640)	556,794	(2,644,715)	(2,903,561)
FUND BALANCES AT JULY 1,				
as restated (Note 24)	16,065,806	4,624,748	2,475,753	23,166,307
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) AT JUNE 30	\$ 15,250,166	\$ 5,181,542	\$ (168,962)	\$ 20,262,746

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2016

Net change in fund balances per Exhibit 5 – total governmental funds		\$ (2,903,561)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay Depreciation expense Allocation of debt-financed school assets based on current year repayments and drawdowns of bond proceeds	\$ 4,491,885 (1,357,822) (1,023,685)	2,110,378
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		(31,261)
Governmental funds report employer pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense. Employer pension contributions Pension expense The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of	946,476 (216,675)	729,801
Activities. Principal repayments: General obligation debt Lease revenue bonds Notes payable Amortization of bond premium	 1,359,830 354,000 26,972 26,521	1,767,323
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences Landfill liability Accrued interest	(55,049) (339,554) 39,863	(254.740)
		 (354,740)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 1,317,940

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND December 31, 2015

	Enterprise Fund Amherst County Service Authority
ASSETS	
Current assets: Cash and investments Receivables, net (Note 4) Inventories	\$ 2,842,603 665,156 260,268
Total current assets	3,768,027
Noncurrent assets Restricted cash and investments Capital assets: (Note 7)	1,278,952
Nondepreciable Depreciable, net	623,523 28,406,644
Total noncurrent assets	30,309,119
Total assets	34,077,146
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred amount on refunding Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	32,159 131,937
Total deferred outflows of resources	164,096
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable Customer deposits Accrued interest Long-term liabilities due within one year (Note 8)	178,155 258,065 128,602 570,447
Total current liabilities	1,135,269
Noncurrent liabilities: Long-term liabilities due in more than one year (Note 8) Net pension liability	12,327,433 424,007
Total noncurrent liabilities	12,751,440
Total liabilities	13,886,709
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments	259,730
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service Unrestricted net position Total net position	16,274,758 1,278,952 2,541,093 \$ 20,094,803
Total fiet position	Ψ 20,074,003

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Enterprise Fund Amherst County Service Authority
OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$ 3,845,676 109,120
Total operating revenues	3,954,796
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Water transmission and distribution	198,147
Water distribution maintenance	301,574
Wastewater maintenance	20,463
General plant operations and maintenance	418,691
Wastewater treatment	459,841
General and administrative	960,889
Depreciation and amortization	996,391
Total operating expenses	3,355,996
Operating income	598,800
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest income	1,306
Connection and availability charges	224,993
Interest expense	(433,551)
Rental income	24,805
Loss on sale of assets	(2,803)
Total non-operating expenses, net	(185,250)
Income before capital contributions	413,550
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	674,682
Change in net position	1,088,232
NET POSITION AT JANUARY 1	19,006,571
NET POSITION AT DECEMBER 31	\$ 20,094,803

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUND Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Enterprise Fund Amherst County Service Authority
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Other operating receipts	\$ 3,816,536 (1,590,782) (837,854) 17,818
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,405,718
CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets and water rights Connection and availability fees Principal paid on debt Interest payments on long-term liabilities	(538,266) 224,993 (493,378) (496,364)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(1,303,015)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Rent received Interest received Net cash provided by investing activities	24,805 1,306 26,111
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	128,814
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning at January 1	3,992,741
Ending at December 31	\$ 4,121,555
RECONCILIATION TO EXHIBIT 7 Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments	\$ 2,842,603 1,278,952 \$ 4,121,555

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUND Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Enterprise Fun Amherst Count Service Authori	
	<u>Sel vi</u>	ice Authority
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating income	\$	598,800
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net		
cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation		996,391
Pension expense net of employer contributions		(59,890)
Change in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease in:		
Receivables, net		(105,485)
Inventories		(51,591)
(Decrease) increase in:		
Accounts payable		45,188
Customer deposits		(14,957)
Compensated absences and OPEB		(2,738)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,405,718
NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING Contributed capital improvements	\$	674,682
Capital assets acquired through accounts payable	\$	22,129

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND June 30, 2016

	Agency Funds
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$ 47,810
Total assets	\$ 47,810
LIABILITIES Amounts held for others	\$ 47,810
Total liabilities	\$ 47,810

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The County of Amherst, Virginia (the "County") is a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the County and its component units, entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. The County has taxing powers subject to statewide restrictions and tax limits, and provides a full range of services to its citizens including law enforcement, fire, social services, public improvements, planning and zoning, education, and sanitation. The County is the primary government of the reporting entity.

Discretely Presented Component Units – The component unit columns in the financial statements include the financial data of the County's discretely presented component units. They are reported in separate columns to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

The Amherst County School Board operates the elementary and secondary public schools in the County. School Board members are appointed by the County's Board of Supervisors. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County approves all debt issuances and provides significant funding to operate since the School Board does not have separate taxing powers. The Amherst County School Board does not prepare separate financial statements.

The Amherst County Economic Development Authority (the "EDA") was created to promote industry and develop trade by encouraging enterprises to locate and remain in the County. The EDA is authorized to acquire, own, lease, and dispose of properties to the extent that such activities foster and stimulate economic development. The EDA is governed by a Board of Directors and the County is financially accountable for the EDA. The EDA does not prepare separate financial statements.

Blended Component Unit – A blended component unit is an entity, that while legally separate, is in substance part of the County's operations, and so its financial information is combined with the financial statements of the County. The County can impose its will over the Amherst County Service Authority (the "Authority") and is financially accountable for it.

The Authority serves the citizens of the County and provides water and sewer services. The County Board of Supervisors also serves as the Board of Directors for the Authority and approves all related user charges and debt issuances. The Authority operates on a December 31 year end, and the Authority's December 31, 2015 financial report is presented as an enterprise fund in the County's financial statements. Financial statements of the Authority may be obtained by contacting the County of Amherst, VA, County Administrator, P.O. Box 390, Amherst, VA 24521.

Related Organization – The Board of Supervisors is also responsible for nominating members of the board for the Amherst Industrial Development Authority, but the County's accountability for this organization does not extend beyond making this nomination. Final appointment of members and accountability for fiscal affairs rests with the Town of Amherst.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of net position presents both governmental and business-type activities on the accrual basis of accounting, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables, as well as long-term debt and obligations.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Fund Financial Statements

These statements are organized based on funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting unit. The emphasis is on major governmental and enterprise funds. The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the primary operating fund of the County and accounts for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations not accounted for in other funds. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, licenses, permits, charges for services, use of money and property, and intergovernmental grants.

Special Revenue funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Special Revenue fund reports revenues and expenditures related to the Dare Program, Recreation Activities, E-911 operations, Community Development Block Grant, and Solid Waste.

Capital projects funds account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds. The capital projects fund accounts for the renovations, construction, and improvements related to County capital assets. Financing is provided by debt issuances and General Fund transfers.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The County reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Amherst County Service Authority is presented in an *enterprise fund* that accounts for the Authority's water distribution system and sewage collection, pumping stations, and treatment plant. Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund type:

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. Agency funds include the Special Welfare and Forfeited Assets Funds.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual, that is, when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. General Fund tax revenues are considered measurable when they have been levied and available if collected within 60 days of year end. Grant revenues are considered measurable and available when related grant expenditures are incurred. All other revenue items are considered measurable and available when cash is received. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service, compensated absences, other post-employment benefits, as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

As a result of the different measurement focus and basis of accounting used in preparing the government-wide statements versus the governmental fund financial statements, a reconciliation between the government-wide and fund financial statements are necessary. The reconciliations are presented as exhibits in the governmental fund financial statements. As part of the reconciliation process, non-departmental indirect expenditures are allocated to functional expenses based on a percent of functional expenditures.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows, and Net Position or Equity

Deposits and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Outstanding balances between funds are reported as due to/from other funds, if applicable. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide statements as internal balances. Outstanding balances between the County and the component units are reported as due to/from component unit or due to/from primary government.

Inventories

Inventories are valued using the first-in, first-out method. Inventories in the enterprise fund consist of materials and supplies for water and sewer repairs and maintenance.

Taxes Receivable

Property is assessed at its estimated fair value and property taxes attach as an enforceable lien as of January 1. Real estate taxes are payable in two installments on June 5th and December 5th. Personal property taxes are payable on December 5th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes. The property taxes due and collected on the June 5, 2016 billing installment, as well as those due on December 5, 2016, are reflected in deferred inflows on the statement of net position as they are intended to fund operations in a future period.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, buildings, equipment, infrastructure, and intangibles are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. There was no interest capitalized for the year ended June 30, 2016, as there was no debt attributable to capital asset construction.

Most capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	40 years
Building improvements	20-40 years
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	5-15 years
Utility plant in service	15-50 years

Landfill development costs are depreciated based on the percentage of capacity used compared to the total estimated capacity.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has two items that qualify for reporting in this category: deferred charge on refunding and pension contributions subsequent to measurement date. The deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition prices. The amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be applied to the net pension liability in the next fiscal year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has four types of items. One item occurs only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The item, unavailable revenue, is reported in the governmental fund balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue from property taxes, grants, and other receivables not collected within 60 days of year end and those property taxes levied to fund future years. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The second item occurs in the statement of net position; this item consists of property taxes levied, but not yet due and are intended to fund future years. The third is the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. The fourth consists of differences between expected and actual experience for economic or demographic factors in the total pension liability measurement. These differences will be recognized in pension expense over a closed five year period.

Unearned/Unavailable Revenue

In the statement of net position, unearned revenue arises when assets are received or recognized before revenue recognition criteria is satisfied and primarily consists of property taxes collected or recorded as a receivable, that are intended to finance the subsequent year's operations.

In the balance sheet of the governmental funds, unearned/unavailable revenue arises when assets are recognized but are not available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period or when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria is satisfied as described. Unearned/unavailable revenue primarily consists of property taxes, EMS billings, grants, and other items not collected within the availability period.

Compensated Absences

The County and School Board have policies to allow the accumulation and vesting of limited amounts of paid leave and sick leave until termination or retirement. Amounts of such absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds when the amounts are due for payment.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs associated with long-term obligations are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the period incurred. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's and Schools' Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's and Schools' Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds.

The classifications are as follows:

- Nonspendable Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans, if applicable.
- Restricted Amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

- Committed Amounts constrained to specific purposes by the County, under the formal action of Board of Supervisors' resolution. Amounts cannot be used for any other purposes unless the Board of Supervisors takes action to remove or change the constraint.
- Assigned Amounts are constrained by intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither
 restricted nor committed. Assignments are made by County management based on governing
 body direction through adoption or amendment of the budget or through ordinance or
 resolution.
- Unassigned Amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

Restricted Amounts

The County applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

Within its General Fund, the County's policy is to maintain an adequate fund balance amount for cash liquidity purposes. That balance is expected by management to be sufficient to meet the County's cyclical cash flow requirements and avoid the need for short-term tax anticipation borrowing. Unassigned fund balances shall be at least 15% of the total annual General Fund expenditures inclusive of the transfer to the Amherst County School Board. The Board of Supervisors may, in times of declared fiscal emergency or other such global purpose as to protect the long-term fiscal security of the County, appropriate amounts that will reduce available unassigned fund balance below the 15% target. Should the reserve fall or be reduced below the 15% targeted level, the Board must approve and adopt a plan to restore this balance to the target level within 36 months, unless that timeframe would cause severe hardship to the County.

Other governmental funds of the County do not have specified fund balance targets. Recommended levels of committed and/or assigned fund balance will be determined on a case by case basis, based on the needs of each fund and as recommended by officials and approved by the Board of Supervisors.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds. There were no encumbrances outstanding at year end.

Net Position

Net position is the difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation and any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 30, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The following funds have legally adopted budgets: General Fund, Capital Projects Fund, School Operating Fund, School Cafeteria Fund, and School Capital Projects Fund.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department level. The appropriation for each department can be revised by the Board of Supervisors only. However, the School Board is authorized to transfer budget amounts within the School System's categories. Amounts that do not fall under a department's control are categorized as non-departmental even though they may relate to a particular function.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund. The School Funds are integrated only at the level of legal adoption.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (Continued)

Budgetary Information (Continued)

- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30.
- 8. Budget data presented in the accompanying financial statements includes the original adopted budget and the revised budget as of June 30.

Note 3. Deposits and Investments

Deposits:

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the *Code of Virginia*. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments:

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), and the Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP).

External Investment Pools:

The Virginia SNAP fund is an open-end management investment company registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC").

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 3. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Deposit and investment balances consist of the following:

	Fair Value	
Deposits:		
Demand deposits	\$	18,207,182
Certificate of deposit		1,278,952
Money market funds		15,622,548
Cash on hand		10,775
		35,119,457
Investments:		
SNAP		2,371,906
Total deposits and investments	\$	37,491,363

Deposits and investments are presented on the Statement of Net Position as follows:

Cash and investments – Primary Government	\$ 31,836,708
Cash and investments – School Board	1,858,348
Cash and investments – EDA	145,449
Restricted cash and investments – Primary Government	 3,650,858
Total deposits and investments	\$ 37,491,363

Restricted cash and investments:

Restricted cash and investments in the governmental activities consists of \$2,371,906 of unspent debt proceeds maintained in SNAP accounts to be used for capital projects. Restricted cash and investments in the business-type activities consists of a \$1,278,952 certificate of deposit required to be maintained for debt service in the event of rate fluctuations or revenue decreases for water and sewer services.

Credit risk:

Although the County does not have a formal policy addressing credit risk, the County adheres to the State guidelines. As required by the *Code of Virginia*, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia and its political subdivisions must have a debt rating of at least AA by Standard & Poor's (S&P) or Aa by Moody's Investors Service (Moody's). Commercial paper must be issued by an entity incorporated in the U.S. and rated at least A-1 by S&P or P-1 by Moody's. Corporate notes and bonds must have a rating of at least AA by S&P or As by Moody's. Money market mutual funds must trade on a constant net asset value and invest solely in securities otherwise eligible for investment under these guidelines.

	Moody's Ratings
Money market funds	Unrated
SNAP	AAAm

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 4. Receivables

Receivables consist of the following:

	G	overnmental Activities	siness-Type Activities	otal Primary Sovernment	omponent nit – School Board
Receivables					
Taxes	\$	8,329,705	\$ -	\$ 8,329,705	\$ -
Less: allowance for					
uncollectible accounts		(330,959)	 	 (330,959)	
Net taxes receivable		7,998,746	 	 7,998,746	
Accounts receivable Less: allowance for		563,245	709,156	1,272,401	253,654
uncollectible accounts		(104,860)	 (44,000)	 (148,860)	
Net accounts receivable		458,385	665,156	 1,123,541	 253,654
Net total receivables	\$	8,457,131	\$ 665,156	\$ 9,122,287	\$ 253,654

Taxes receivable represent the current and past four years of uncollected tax levies for personal property taxes and the current and past nineteen years of uncollected tax levies on real property. Governmental activities accounts receivable are comprised of amounts due for EMS billings and other local revenues. The allowances for uncollectible accounts are based on historical collection rates, aging of receivable balances, and specific account analysis. Accounts receivable for business-type activities primarily represent amounts due for water and sewer services.

Note 5. Loans Receivable

The County provided housing loans through the Community Development Block Grant Housing Loan Program to low income citizens within the County as part of a project in Old Town Madison Heights in 2012 and 2013. Several of those loans are still in repayment and in good standing at year end. All of the loans are secured by a deed of trust on the related real estate. These loans are forgivable loans under which no interest is charged and a portion of the principal balance is forgiven at the time of each monthly payment. At June 30, 2016, the five loans outstanding totaled \$156,477.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 6. Due From Other Governments

Amounts due from other governments consist of the following:

	Primary Government Governmental Activities		Component Unit School Board		
Commonwealth of Virginia:					
State sales taxes	\$	-	\$	864,248	
Local sales taxes		454,576		-	
Communication taxes		200,055		-	
Public assistance and welfare administration		64,067		-	
Comprehensive youth service		308,568		-	
Sheriff		159,547		-	
Commonwealth's Attorney		34,496		-	
Clerk of Circuit Court		23,983		-	
Treasurer		9,571		-	
Commissioner of Revenue		7,674		-	
Other		22,982		-	
Federal Government:					
Education grants		-		614,229	
Public assistance		103,629			
	\$	1,389,148	\$	1,478,477	

Note 7. Interfund Obligations and Transfers

Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30 are:

	Interfund Receivable		Interfund Payable		
General Capital Projects	\$	417,980	\$	417,980	
	\$	417,980	\$	417,980	

Interfund payable represents cash advanced to the capital projects fund for construction costs. Amounts are expected to be reimbursed from the SNAP accounts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 7. Interfund Obligations and Transfers (Continued)

Interfund transfers consist of the following:

	<u></u>	<u> </u>		<u>Transfers Out</u>		
Governmental Funds:						
General Fund	\$	-	\$	1,552,571		
Special Revenue fund		1,552,571				
	\$	1,552,571	\$	1,552,571		

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund where statute or budget requires collection to the fund that statute or budget requires expenditure and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds.

Note 8. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year consisted of the following:

	Beginning Balance *	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities: Capital assets not depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,368,310	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,368,310
Construction in progress	869,176	2,788,799	(115,620)	3,542,355
Total capital assets not depreciated	3,237,486	2,788,799	(115,620)	5,910,665
Capital assets depreciated: Buildings and improvements Jointly owned school buildings	24,595,455	401,470	-	24,996,925
and improvements Furniture, equipment, and	8,226,381	-	(1,359,833)	6,866,548
vehicles	6,759,950	1,417,236	(17,379)	8,159,807
Total capital assets depreciated	39,581,786	1,818,706	(1,377,212)	40,023,280
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Jointly owned school buildings	(9,000,082)	(669,004)	-	(9,669,086)
and improvements Furniture, equipment, and	(2,478,768)	-	336,148	(2,142,620)
vehicles	(4,306,228)	(688,818)	17,379	(4,977,667)
Total accumulated depreciation	(15,785,078)	(1,357,822)	353,527	(16,789,373)
Capital assets depreciated, net	23,796,708	460,884	(1,023,685)	23,233,907
Net capital assets	\$ 27,034,194	\$ 3,249,683	\$ (1,139,305)	\$ 29,144,572

^{*} As restated. See Note 24.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 8. Capital Assets (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities: Capital assets not depreciated:				
Land	\$ 623,523	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 623,523
Capital assets depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	1,128,265	115,004	-	1,243,269
Utility plant in service	44,508,489	1,078,942	(40,750)	45,546,681
Furniture, equipment, and				
vehicles	939,803	61,559	(65,264)	936,098
Total capital assets depreciated	46,576,557	1,255,505	(106,014)	47,726,048
Less accumulated depreciation	(18,327,846)	(1,094,769)	103,211	(19,319,404)
Capital assets depreciated, net	28,248,711	160,736	(2,803)	28,406,644
Net capital assets	\$ 28,872,234	\$ 160,736	\$ (2,803)	\$ 29,030,167

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

		Activities	Bı	siness-Type Activities		otal Primary Sovernment
General government administration	\$	130,627	\$	-	\$	130,627
Judicial administration		97,916		-		97,916
Public safety		727,493		_		727,493
Public works		275,081		-		275,081
Health and welfare		12,011		_		12,011
Parks, recreation, and cultural		97,874		_		97,874
Community development		16,820		-		16,820
Water and sewer		-		1,094,769		1,094,769
Total depreciation expense – primary government	\$	1,357,822	\$	1,094,769	\$	2,452,591
primary government	Ψ	1,337,022	Ψ	1,074,709	Ψ	2,732,331

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 8. Capital Assets (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Unit – Economic Development Authority

Capital asset activity for the EDA for the year consisted of the following:

	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance		
Business-Type Activities: Capital assets not depreciated: Land	\$	329,509	\$		\$	-	\$	329,509	
Capital assets depreciated: Buildings and improvements		577,828				-		577,828	
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements		(101,120)		(14,446)				(115,566)	
Capital assets depreciated, net		476,708		(14,446)		-	. <u> </u>	462,262	
Net capital assets	\$	806,217	\$	(14,446)	\$	-	\$	791,771	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 8. Capital Assets (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year consisted of the following:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets not depreciated: Land	\$ 309,181	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 309,181
Capital assets depreciated: Buildings and improvements Jointly owned school buildings	26,967,025	4,153,588	-	31,120,613
and improvements Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	19,310,325 7,714,951	1,359,833 157,145	(4,000,000)	16,670,158 7,872,096
Total capital assets depreciated		5,670,566	(4,000,000)	55,662,867
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements	(22,615,233)	(2,960,888)	-	(25,576,121)
Jointly owned school buildings and improvements Furniture, equipment, and	(7,735,852)	(924,566)	2,000,000	(6,660,418)
vehicles	(5,202,850)	(362,019)	-	(5,564,869)
Total accumulated depreciation Capital assets depreciated, net	(35,553,935)	1,423,093	(2,000,000)	(37,801,408) 17,861,459
Net capital assets	\$ 18,747,547	\$ 1,423,093	\$ (2,000,000)	\$ 18,170,640

Local governments in Virginia and their school boards hold a tenancy in common with respect to capital assets constructed with long-term debt. Accordingly, school capital assets for which debt is still outstanding are included in the capital assets of the County in an amount equal to the outstanding balance of the debt. As the debt is retired, a proportional amount of the assets are transferred to the Component Unit – School Board. The \$4,000,000 decrease in jointly owned assets above reflects capital assets for which the debt was fully paid in fiscal year 2016. These assets are now reported in the School Board's building and improvement line as they are no longer considered jointly owned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 9. Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities consisted of the following:

Primary Government:

	_	Beginning Balance	_	Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance		Oue Within One Year
Governmental Activities:										
General obligation bonds	\$	8,226,381	\$	-	\$	1,359,833	\$	6,866,548	\$	1,158,089
Premium on bonds	_	237,124		-		26,521		210,603		26,521
		8,463,505	_	-	_	1,386,354	_	7,077,151		1,184,610
Lease revenue bonds		5,863,000		-		354,000		5,509,000		368,000
Notes payable	_	1,379,591		-	_	26,972		1,352,619	_	23,535
		7,242,591	_	-	_	380,972	_	6,861,619		391,535
Landfill closure/post-closure		3,895,477		339,554		-		4,235,031		-
Compensated absences		945,789		55,049		-		1,000,838		100,084
	_	4,841,266		394,603		-		5,235,869		100,084
	\$	20,547,362	\$	394,603	\$	1,767,326	\$	19,174,639	\$	1,676,229
Business-Type Activities:										
Revenue bond	\$	9,240,000	\$	-	\$	265,000	\$	8,975,000	\$	280,000
Premium on bond		1,489,366		-		59,574		1,429,792		59,575
Notes payable		2,611,154		-		228,378		2,382,776		219,841
Compensated absences	_	113,050	_	-	_	2,738		110,312		11,031
	\$	13,453,570	\$		\$	555,690	\$	12,897,880	\$	570,447

Compensated absences and landfill closure/post-closure costs for governmental activities are expected to be paid out of the General Fund.

Discretely Presented Component Unit – Economic Development Authority:

	eginning Balance	 Increases	 Decreases	 Ending Balance	oue Within One Year
Notes payable	\$ 915,545	\$ -	\$ 33,431	\$ 882,114	\$ 32,867

Discretely Presented Component Unit – School Board:

Balance Increases Decreases Balance]	Beginning						Ending	D	ue Within	
Compared absences \$ 522.161 \$ 102.056 \$ \$ 626.217 \$			Balance		Increases		Decreases		Balance		One Year	
Compensated absences \$ 325,101 \$ 105,050 \$ - \$ 020,217 5	Compensated absences	\$	523,161	\$	103,056	\$	-	\$	626,217	\$	62,622	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 9. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates	Date Issued	Final Maturity Date	Amount Issued		_0	Amount Outstanding	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Governmental Activities: General Obligation Bonds								
Schools:						_		
VPSA Bonds	5.57%	1996	2016	\$	5,500,000	\$	275,000	
VPSA Bonds	4.95	1998	2018		2,000,000		300,000	
VPSA Bonds	4.73	1999	2019		2,000,000		400,000	
VPSA Bonds	5.15	2000	2020		3,351,287		951,548	
VPSA Bonds	3.10-5.25	2001	2021		550,000		150,000	
VPSA Bonds	2.35-7.85	2002	2022		965,000		315,000	
VPSA Bonds	3.10-5.35	2003	2023		1,315,000		520,000	
VPSA Bonds	4.10-5.60	2004	2024		1,120,000		495,000	
VPSA Bonds	4.60-5.10	2005	2025		1,615,000		800,000	
VPSA Bonds	4.225-5.10	2006	2026		1,265,000		680,000	
VPSA Bonds	4.10-5.10	2007	2027		3,325,000		1,980,000	
Total general obligation bonds						\$	6,866,548	
oonas						Ψ	0,000,510	
Lease Revenue Bonds								
Amherst County EDA Series 2007	3.94%	2007	2028	\$	5,350,000	\$	3,817,000	
Amherst County EDA Series 2008	3.94	2008	2028		2,373,000		1,692,000	
Total lease revenue bonds						\$	5,509,000	
Note Payable USDA – Rural Development – Animal Shelter	4.125%	2007	2046	\$	1,597,200	<u>\$</u>	1,352,619	
Business-Type Activities: Revenue refunding bond	5.125%	2012	2039	\$	9,915,000	\$	8,975,000	

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 9. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Purpose	Interest Rates	Date Issued	Final Maturity Date	Amount Issued	C	Amount Outstanding
1 ur pose	Rates	188000	Date	 188000		utstanding
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT						
(Continued)						
Business-Type Activities: (Continued)						
Notes payable						
Sewage facilities note	- %	1993	2023	\$ 421,819	\$	77,886
Sewage facilities note	-	1998	2027	747,643		261,675
Sewage facilities note	3.00	2001	2020	1,996,292		465,392
Sewage facilities note	3.41	2002	2021	322,159		127,815
Sewage facilities note	4.14	2010	2029	329,751		257,105
Sewage facilities note	3.25	2011	2041	129,890		109,971
Sewage facilities note	2.80	2011	2041	41,049		35,576
Sewage facilities note	-	2013	2033	1,062,266		956,039
Sewage facilities note	3.22	2013	2043	30,001		28,822
Sewage facilities note	3.08	2014	2034	64,890		62,495
Total notes payable					\$	2,382,776
COMPONENT UNIT						
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY						
Notes Payable						
USDA – Rural Development –						
Animal Shelter	4.125%	2007	2047	\$ 822,800	\$	696,804
Carter Bank and Trust	6.00	2008	2023	309,067		185,310
Total notes payable					\$	882,114

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 9. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Annual debt payments:

				Primary (Gove	rnment							
		Governmental Activities											
		General Ol	_				_						
Year Ending		Lease Rev	enue	Bonds		Notes	Paya	ıble					
June 30	. <u> </u>	Principal		Interest	Principal			Interest					
2017	\$	1,526,089	\$	530,042	\$	23,535	\$	59,839					
2018		1,268,515		462,265		24,524		58,850					
2019		1,287,119		402,294		25,556		57,818					
2020		1,206,916		344,234		26,630		56,744					
2021		1,122,909		291,255		27,749		55,625					
2022-2026		4,470,000		832,977		157,258		259,612					
2027-2031		1,494,000		83,891		193,210		223,660					
2032-2036		_		_		237,382		179,486					
2037-2041		-		_		291,654		125,214					
2042-2046		-		-		345,121		58,535					
	\$	12,375,548	\$	2,946,958	\$	1,352,619	\$	1,135,383					

	 Primary Government										
	Business-Type Activities										
Year Ending	Revenu	ie Bo	Notes	Paya	ıble						
June 30	 Principal		Interest	Principal			Interest				
2017	\$ 280,000	\$	441,569	\$	219,841	\$	36,420				
2018	290,000		429,469		221,204		34,463				
2019	305,000		414,606		222,618		30,093				
2020	315,000		401,525		224,085		25,741				
2021	335,000		385,381		225,607		21,332				
2022-2026	1,915,000		1,669,089		566,841		58,428				
2027-2031	2,190,000		1,157,782		448,535		29,345				
2032-2036	1,675,000		691,031		209,227		11,765				
2037-2041	1,670,000		219,607		34,641		5,040				
2042-2044	-		-		10,177		502				
	\$ 8,975,000	\$	5,810,059	\$	2,382,776	\$	253,129				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 9. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Annual debt payments: (Continued)

		Compo	nent l	U nit							
	Economic Development Authorit										
Year Ending	Notes Payable										
June 30		Principal	Interest								
2017	\$	32,867	\$	41,380							
2018		34,656		39,591							
2019		36,545		37,702							
2020		38,540		35,707							
2021		40,648		33,599							
2022-2026		149,000		138,778							
2027-2031		99,533		115,218							
2032-2036		122,288		92,463							
2037-2041		150,248		64,504							
2042-2046		177,789		30,153							
	\$	882,114	\$	629,095							

Note 10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County of Amherst, Virginia, (the "Political Subdivision") are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. The *Code of Virginia*, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Virginia General Assembly. The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report for VRS. A copy of that report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2015-annual-report.pdf.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan is as follows:

<u>Plan 1</u> – Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

Plan 1 (Continued)

- **Hybrid Opt-In Election** VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.
- Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5.00% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions elected to phase in the required 5.00% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5.00% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.
- Creditable Service Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.
- **Vesting** Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.
- Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier, and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement. An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.
- **Average Final Compensation** A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

Plan 1 (Continued)

- Service Retirement Multiplier The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%. The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.
- **Normal Retirement Age** Age 65 or age 60 for hazardous duty employees.
- Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service. Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service, for hazardous duty employees.
- Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service. 50 with at least five years of creditable service for hazardous duty employees.
- Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3.00% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4.00%) up to a maximum COLA of 5.00%.
- **Disability Coverage** for members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.70% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased, or granted. VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.

<u>Plan 2</u> – Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.

• **Hybrid Opt-In Election** – Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

Plan 2 (Continued)

- **Retirement Contributions** Employees contribute 5.00% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions elected to phase in the required 5.00% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5.00% by July 1, 2016.
- Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.
- **Vesting** Same as Plan 1.
- Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.
- **Average Final Compensation** A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.
- **Service Retirement Multiplier** Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased, or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased, or granted on or after January 1, 2013. Sheriffs, regional jail superintendents, and hazardous duty employees are same as Plan 1.
- **Normal Retirement Age** Normal Social Security retirement age. Hazardous duty employees are the same as Plan 1.
- Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Hazardous duty employees are the same as Plan 1.
- Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Hazardous duty employees are the same as Plan 1.
- Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2.00% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2.00%), for a maximum COLA of 3.00%.
- **Disability Coverage** Same as Plan 1 except that the retirement multiplier is 1.65%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

Hybrid Retirement Plan – The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions. In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.

- Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes political subdivision employees; members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014.
- Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees and those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.
- **Retirement Contributions** A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.

Creditable Service –

- o **Defined Benefit Component:** Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service and is generally subject to the same terms as in Plans 1 and 2.
- Defined Contributions Component: Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

Hybrid Retirement Plan (Continued)

- Vesting
 - Defined Benefit Component: Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.
 - O Defined Contributions Component: Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make. Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service. After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions. After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.

Calculating the Benefit –

- o **Defined Benefit Component:** See definition under Plan 1.
- O **Defined Contribution Component:** The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.
- **Average Final Compensation** Same as Plan 2 for the defined benefit component of the plan.
- Service Retirement Multiplier The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans. This is not applicable to sheriffs, regional jail superintendents, or hazardous duty employees.

Normal Retirement Age –

- **Defined Benefit Component:** Same as Plan 2, however, not applicable for hazardous duty employees.
- O **Defined Contribution Component:** Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

Hybrid Retirement Plan (Continued)

- Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility
 - O **Defined Benefit Component:** Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. This is not applicable to hazardous duty employees.
- Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility
 - O **Defined Benefit Component:** Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. This is not applicable to hazardous duty employees.
 - o **Defined Contribution Component:** Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
- Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement
 - o **Defined Benefit Component:** Same as Plan 2.
- **Disability Coverage** Employees of political subdivisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 optins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides and employer-paid comparable program for its members. Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.
- **Purchase of Prior Service** As with Plans 1 and 2, members may choose to purchase prior service credits subject to the Plan provisions.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	118
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	27
Non-vested inactive members	37
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	98
Total inactive members	162
Active members	173
Total covered employees	453

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012 new employees were required to pay the 5.00% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The political subdivision's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 12.84% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the political subdivision were \$946,976 and \$936,908 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The political subdivision's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2014, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for General Employees in the Political Subdivision's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Inflation	2.50%
General Employees – Salary increases, including inflation	3.50 – 5.35%
Public Safety Employees – Salary increases, including inflation	3.50 – 4.75%
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

Mortality rates: General employees – 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related. Public Safety Employees – 60% of deaths are assumed to be service related. Mortality is projected using the applicable RP-2000 Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with various set backs or set forwards for both males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

General Employees – Largest 10 – Non-LEOS and all Others (Non 10 Largest): Update mortality table; decrease in rates of service retirement; decrease in rates of disability retirement; and reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year.

Public Safety Employees – Largest 10 – Non-LEOS and all Others (Non 10 Largest): Update mortality table; adjustment to rates of service retirement for females (Non 10 Largest); decrease in rates of male disability (Largest 10, only); decrease in male and female rates of disability (Non 10 Largest) increase in rates of withdrawal, and reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (Continued)

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50 %	6.46 %	1.26 %
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50 %	6.28 %	1.04 %
Emerging Market Equity	6.00 %	10.00 %	0.60 %
Fixed Income	15.00 %	0.09 %	0.01 %
Emerging Debt	3.00 %	3.51 %	0.11 %
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50 %	3.51 %	0.16 %
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50 %	5.00 %	0.23 %
Convertibles	3.00 %	4.81 %	0.14 %
Public Real Estate	2.25 %	6.12 %	0.14 %
Private Real Estate	12.75 %	7.10 %	0.91 %
Private Equity	12.00 %	10.41 %	1.25 %
Cash	1.00 %	(1.50)%	(0.02)%
Total	100.00 %		5.83 %
	Inflation		2.50 %
Expected arith	8.33 %		

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the Political Subdivision Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)				
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	 Net Pension Liability (a) – (b)
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$	37,508,789	\$	34,132,057	\$ 3,376,732
Changes for the year:					
Service cost		874,938		-	874,938
Interest		2,567,290		-	2,567,290
Differences between expected					
and actual experience		(442,541)		-	(442,541)
Contributions – employer		_		942,715	(942,715)
Contributions – employee		-		369,385	(369,385)
Net investment income		-		1,554,214	(1,554,214)
Benefit payments, including refunds					
of employee contributions		(1,666,446)		(1,666,446)	-
Administrative expenses		-		(21,323)	21,323
Other changes				(331)	 331
Net changes		1,333,241		1,178,214	 155,027
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$	38,842,030	\$	35,310,271	\$ 3,531,759

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the political subdivision using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the political subdivision's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	 1.00% Decrease (6.00%)	F	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	 1.00% Increase (8.00%)
Political subdivision's net pension liability (asset)	\$ 8,478,533	\$	3,531,759	\$ (587,716)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the County recognized pension expense of \$222,482. At June 30, 2016, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	303,813	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		907,236	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		946,476			
	\$	946,476	\$	1,211,049	

The \$946,476 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	t	Reduction o Pension Expense
2017	\$	(495,931)
2018		(495,931)
2019		(383,561)
2020		164,374
2021		-
Thereafter		-

Payables to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2016, approximately \$78,200 was payable to the Virginia Retirement System for the legally required contributions related to June 2016 payroll.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Amherst County Service Authority

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the Amherst County Service Authority, (the "Political Subdivision") are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Plan participants are covered under three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. The plan provisions and features of the plans, as well as all actuarial assumptions, are substantially the same as those described in Note 10.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	8
Inactive members:	
Vested inactive members	1
Non-vested inactive members	3
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	3
Total inactive members	7
Active members	21
Total covered employees	36

Contributions

The political subdivision's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended December 31, 2015 was 9.34% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

Contributions to the pension plan from the political subdivision were \$87,597 and \$87,737 for the years ended December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The political subdivision's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2013, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Amherst County Service Authority (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) – (b)
Balances at June 30, 2013	\$	4,394,743	\$	3,651,472	\$	743,271
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		90,808		-		90,808
Interest		304,802		-		304,802
Contributions – employer		-		87,241		(87,241)
Contributions – employee		-		48,578		(48,578)
Net investment income		-		582,084		(582,084)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(80,845)		(80,845)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(3,060)		3,060
Other changes				31		(31)
Net changes		314,765		634,029		(319,264)
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$	4,709,508	\$	4,285,501	\$	424,007

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the political subdivision using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	 1.00% Decrease (6.00%)]	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	 1.00% Increase (8.00%)
Political subdivision's net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,055,838	\$	424,007	\$ (105,179)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Amherst County Service Authority (Continued)

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$27,707. At December 31, 2015, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	-	\$	259,730	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		131,937			
	\$	131,937	\$	259,730	

The \$131,937 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Authority's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the following year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	to	eduction Pension Expense
2016	\$	(64,933)
2017		(64,933)
2018		(64,933)
2019		(64,931)
2020		-
Thereafter		_

Payables to the Pension Plan

At December 31, 2015, there were no amounts payable to the Virginia Retirement System.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – School Nonprofessionals

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent non-professional employees (non-teachers) of the County of Amherst, Virginia, (the "School division") are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Plan participants are covered under three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. The plan provisions and features of the plans, as well as all actuarial assumptions, are substantially the same as those described in Note 10.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	64
Inactive members:	
Vested inactive members	3
Non-vested inactive members	64
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	23
Total inactive members	90
Active members	121
Total covered employees	275

Contributions

The school division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 5.95% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

Contributions to the pension plan from the school division were \$132,090 and \$139,666 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – School Nonprofessionals (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) – (b)
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$	6,865,296	\$	7,775,642	\$	(910,346)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		241,309		-		241,309
Interest		469,365		-		469,365
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		115,149		-		115,149
Contributions – employer		-		138,428		(138,428)
Contributions – employee		-		118,082		(118,082)
Net investment income		-		355,124		(355,124)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(320,157)		(320,157)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(4,860)		4,860
Other changes				(75)		75
Net changes		505,666		286,542		219,124
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$	7,370,962	\$	8,062,184	\$	(691,222)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the school division using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	 1.00% Decrease (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)		 1.00% Increase (8.00%)	
School division's net pension liability (asset)	\$ 195,368	\$	(691,222)	\$ (1,435,560)	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – School Nonprofessionals (Continued)

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the school division recognized pension expense of \$7,940. At June 30, 2016, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	82,060	\$	-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		204,989	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		132,090			
	\$	214,150	\$	204,989	

The \$132,090 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Reduction to Pension Expense				
2017	¢	(47, 600)			
2017	\$	(47,692)			
2018		(47,692)			
2019		(64,900)			
2020		37,355			
2021		-			
Thereafter		-			

Payables to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2016, approximately \$13,060 was payable to the Virginia Retirement System for the legally required contributions related to June 2016 payroll.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 13. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Plan

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Plan

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of Virginia school divisions, including County of Amherst, Virginia, (the "School Division"), are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is a multiple employer cost-sharing plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

Prior to the adoption of GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2015, Virginia local school divisions were required to disclose information about their contributions to the teacher cost-sharing plan, but not report a proportionate share of the plan's net pension liability. Upon adoption of the new pension standards in 2015, the School Division now reports its proportionate share of the plan's net pension liability as well as certain other deferred inflows and/or outflows as disclosed below.

Plan participants are covered under three different benefit structures – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. The provisions and features of the plans, as well as all actuarial assumptions, are substantially the same as those described in Note 10.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012 new employees were required to pay the 5.00% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin requiring that the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution. Each school division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 14.06% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013 adjusted for the transfer in June 2015 of \$192,884,000 as an accelerated payback of the deferred contribution in the 2010-12 biennium. The actuarial rate for the Teacher Retirement Plan was 18.20%, however, it was reduced to 17.64% as a result of the transfer.

The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employee during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, the contributions were funded at 79.69% of the actuarial rate for the year ended June 30, 2016. Contributions to the pension plan from the school division were \$3,311,310 and \$3,233,120 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 13. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Plan (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Plan (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the school division reported a liability of \$39,132,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2015 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2015 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2015, the school division's proportion was 0.31091% as compared to 0.31721% at June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the school division recognized pension expense of \$2,720,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2016, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ 539,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	2,396,000
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		75,000	714,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3,311,310	
	\$	3,386,310	\$ 3,649,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 13. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Plan (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Plan (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The \$3,311,310 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Increase (Reduction) to Pension Expense
2017	\$ (1,207,000)
2018	(1,207,000)
2019	(1,207,000)
2020	178,000
2021	(131,000)
Thereafter	_

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the school division using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		1.00% Decrease (6.00%)		Current Discount Rate (7.00%)		1.00% Increase (8.00%)
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee	Ф	57.266.000	Φ	20 122 000	¢	24 204 000
Retirement plan net pension liability	\$	57,266,000	\$	39,132,000	\$	24,204,000

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2015 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2015-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 13. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Plan (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Plan (Continued)

Payables to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2016, approximately \$283,260 was payable to the Virginia Retirement System for the legally required contributions related to June 2016 payroll.

Note 14. Other Post-Employment Benefits

County - VRS Health Insurance Credit

A. Plan Description

The County participates in the Health Insurance Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is an agent and cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service. The credit amount and eligibility differs for state, school division, political subdivision, local officer, local social services department, and general registrar retirees.

An employee of the County, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the system and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$1.50 per year of creditable service up to a maximum monthly credit of \$45. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive the maximum monthly health insurance credit of \$45.

Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 51.1, Chapter 14 of the *Code of Virginia*. The VRS actuarially determines the amount necessary to fund all credits provided, reflects the cost of such credits in the applicable employer contribution rate pursuant to §51.1-145, and prescribes such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the health insurance credit programs. VRS issues separate financial statements as previously discussed in Note 10.

B. Funding Policy

As participating local political subdivision, the County is required to contribute the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program using the actuarial basis specified by the *Code of Virginia* and the VRS Board of Trustees. The County's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2015 was .12% of annual covered payroll.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 14. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

<u>County – VRS Health Insurance Credit</u> (Continued)

C. Annual Required Contribution (ARC)

The annual cost of OPEB under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, is based on the annual required contribution (ARC). The County is required to contribute the ARC, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

For fiscal year 2016, the County's contribution of \$9,559 was equal to the ARC and OPEB cost. The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2016 and the two preceding years are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost		Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	 Net OPEB Obligation	
June 30, 2016	\$	9,559	100%	\$ -	
June 30, 2015		8,337	100	-	
June 30, 2014		8,064	100	-	

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 175,757
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ 114,411
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 61,346
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	65.10%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 2,993,009
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	2.05%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future and reflect a long-term perspective. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 14. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

<u>County – VRS Health Insurance Credit</u> (Continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress (Continued)

The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used included techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The Retiree Health Insurance Credit benefit is based on a member's employer eligibility and his or her years of service. The monthly maximum credit amount cannot exceed the member's actual health insurance premium costs. The actuarial valuation for this plan assumes the maximum credit is payable for each eligible member. Since this benefit is a flat dollar amount multiplied by the member's years of service and the maximum benefit is assumed, no assumption relating to health care cost trend rates is needed or applied.

The entry age normal cost method was used to determine the plan's funding liabilities and costs. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.00% investment rate of return, compounded annually, including an inflation component of 2.50%, and a payroll growth rate of 3.00%. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payrolls on an open basis. The remaining open amortization period at June 30, 2014 was 28 years.

Note 15. Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Care Cost

Permit 181 – Closed Landfill

The County closed its former landfill site in 1997. State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. The cumulative amount of estimated closure, post-closure care, and corrective action costs for this site, less costs paid to date, totals \$1,594,693. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, changes in regulations or other unforeseen circumstances. The County intends to fund these costs from funds accumulated for this purpose in the Special Revenue fund as well as transfers from the General Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 15. Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Care Cost (Continued)

Permit 563 – Open Landfill

The County owns and operates a landfill site from which it collects tipping fees based upon the source of the waste. The landfill began accepting waste in 1997.

State and federal laws will require the County to place a final cover on this site when it stops accepting waste and to perform maintenance and monitoring functions for thirty years after closure. Although closure and post-closure care costs are paid only near or after the date the landfill stops accepting waste, the County will report a portion of these closure and post-closure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used. An accrual of \$2,640,338 for landfill closure and post-closure liability as of June 30 represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on estimated use of approximately 50% of the estimated capacity of the entire landfill site. The remaining estimated cost of closure and post-closure care of \$2,640,338 will be recognized as remaining capacity is filled. Actual future costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, changes in regulations, or other unforeseen circumstances.

The County has demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, post-closure care, and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VAC20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

Note 16. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

The County and School Board are potential defendants in litigation involving claims for damages of various types. Officials estimate that any ultimate liability not covered by insurance will have an immaterial effect on financial position.

Federal Grants

Under the terms of federal and state grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursement to the grantor agencies. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Commitments

The County has also entered into various construction contracts at year end. Future amounts due under these agreements are approximately \$19,800,000 at year end.

Note 17. Risk Management

The County and School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries insurances.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 17. Risk Management (Continued)

The County and School Board are members of the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Association (the "Association") for workers' compensation. Each Association member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay, and discharge any liability. Virginia Municipal Group contributions and assessments are based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Association and claims awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County and School Board carry commercial insurance for all other risks of losses. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the last three fiscal years.

Note 18. Fund Balances

Fund balances is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the County and School Board are bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints are presented below:

	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds	Component Unit – School Board
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid expenditures	\$ 101,284	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 101,284	\$ 61,716
Restricted:					
Public safety	150,000	-	-	150,000	-
Community development	_	156,477		156,477	
Total restricted	150,000	156,477		306,477	
Committed to:					
Community development	105,959	-	-	105,959	-
Judicial administration	166,366	-	-	166,366	-
Public safety	243,639	-	=	243,639	-
Other capital projects	72,097			72,097	
Total committed	588,061			588,061	
Assigned to:					
Community development	1,250	-	-	1,250	-
General government					
administration	103,332	-	-	103,332	-
Public safety	664,363	701,000	-	1,365,363	-
Public works	20,000	4,301,668	-	4,321,668	-
Parks, recreation, and cultural	86,859	22,397	-	109,256	-
Education	-	-	_	-	1,713,171
Other capital projects	638,219	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	638,219	
Total assigned	1,514,023	5,025,065		6,539,088	1,713,171
Unassigned	12,896,798		(168,962)	12,727,836	(61,716)
Total fund balances	\$ 15,250,166	\$ 5,182,542	\$ (168,962)	\$ 20,262,746	\$ 1,713,171

(Continued)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 19. Jointly Governed Organizations and Joint Venture

The following organizations are excluded from the accompanying financial statements:

Jointly Governed Organizations:

Horizon Behavioral Health (HBH)

The County, in conjunction with the Counties of Appomattox, Bedford, and Campbell, and the City of Lynchburg, participates in HBH, whose board is composed of two members from each of the participating localities. The County contributed \$95,153 for operations to HBH for 2016.

Blue Ridge Regional Jail Authority (BRRJA)

The County, in conjunction with the Counties of Appomattox, Bedford, Campbell, and Halifax, and the City of Lynchburg, participates in the BRRJA. Each member jurisdiction pays a per diem charge for each day that one of its prisoners is at any regional jail facility. In accordance with the service agreement, the Authority has divided the per diem charge into an operating and debt service components. The per diem charge is based upon an assumed number of prisoner days, and is subject to adjustment at the end of each fiscal year. The County contributed \$1,494,797 for operations to BRRJA for 2016.

Joint Venture:

Region 2000 Radio Communications Board

The County, along with the County of Bedford and City of Lynchburg, is a participant in the development and operation of a regional radio communication system, the Region 2000 Radio Communications Board (the Board). Each participant agreed to contribute its pro rata share for annual capital and operational costs, as well as any annual deficit. The Board issued debt of \$13.1 million in May 2012 for the upgrade and replacement of the existing system. Each participant agreed to contribute its pro rata share towards debt service payments of the Board. The County's share will be 28%, and annual contributions for debt service will approximate \$310,625. An asset or obligation is not reflected at June 30 because the system has yet to be constructed and is not operational.

Note 20. Performance Incentives

The County and EDA are parties to incentive agreements with existing companies for expansion in the county and with new companies for locating within the County. Incentives under these agreements range from tax rebates based on the real and tangible business property added to the County's tax rolls to small payroll incentives. Amounts under these incentives are not due until taxes are paid by the Company and refunds are requested. Accordingly, there are no amounts accrued in the financial statements at year end for outstanding incentive agreements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 21. Significant Transactions of the County and Component Unit – School Board

Certain transactions between the County and School Board component unit are explained here in detail to provide a more informed understanding of the operational relationship of the two entities and how such transactions are presented in the financial statements.

- 1. The School Board can neither levy taxes nor incur debt under Virginia law. Therefore, the County issues debt "on behalf" of the School Board. The debt obligation is recorded as a liability of the County's governmental activities. The proceeds from the debt issued "on behalf" of the School Board are recorded in the County's General Fund. Funds are then transferred to the School's Capital Projects Fund for approved projects. This fund then accounts for capital expenditures relating to major school construction projects.
- 2. Debt service payments for school bonded debt are reported as part of the primary government in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds.
- 3. Local governments in Virginia have a "tenancy in common" with the School Board whenever the locality incurs a financial obligation for school property which is payable over more than one year. In order to match the capital assets with the related debt, the legislation permits the primary government to report the portion of the school property related to the financial obligation as "jointly owned" assets. As the debt related to a particular capital asset is retired, the related capital asset, net of accumulated depreciation, is removed from the primary government's financial statements and reported in the School Board's financial statements. The School Board retains authority and responsibility over the operation and control of this property.
- 4. If all economic resources associated with school activities were reported with the School Board, its total expenditures would be as follows:

Expenditures of School Board – Component Unit (Exhibit 21)	\$ 46,106,323
Expenditures for School Buses reported in the General Fund (Exhibit 4)	93,136
Expenditures for School HVAC and electrical upgrades	2,025,168
School-related principal and other debt service expenditures included in	
primary government (Exhibit 5)	 1,739,608
Total expenditures for school activities	\$ 49,964,235

Note 22. Significant Transactions of the County and Component Unit – EDA

The EDA was created to encourage economic development in the County. To that end, the County appropriates periodic contributions to the EDA. In addition, the County provides certain economic incentive grants to encourage development in the County. These grants pass through the EDA but ultimately are long-term obligations reported in the County's government-wide statement of net assets. When the underlying requirements have been substantially met, these amounts are recorded by the EDA as payable to the grant recipient and as receivable from the County. At year end, there were no amounts to report for economic incentives payable.

The County also provides personnel assistance for some functions to the EDA at no charge.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 23. Conduit Debt Outstanding – EDA

The EDA has issued revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and/or construction of industrial, commercial, or educational facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payable from payments received from the entities involved on the underlying loans. Ownership of the acquired facilities rests with the entities served by the bond issuance. Neither the EDA, the County, nor any other political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. At June 30, 2016, outstanding conduit debt was as follows:

Randolph College, Series 2010	\$ 4,582,024
Lynchburg College, Series 2003	10,030,000
Total conduit debt outstanding	\$ 14,612,024

Note 24. Restatement of Net Position and Fund Balance

Beginning net position of the County's governmental activities and beginning fund balance of the special revenue fund have been restated as follows:

	 Special Revenue	Governmental Activities		
Fund balance/net position at June 30, 2015, as previously reported	\$ 4,447,525	\$	25,383,793	
To record receivables at June 30, 2015 for outstanding CDBG loans	177,223		177,223	
Capitalize expenses associated with renovation of the depot as construction in progress	 		372,902	
Fund balance/net position at June 30, 2015 as restated	\$ 4,624,748	\$	25,933,918	

Note 25. Subsequent Events

On July 1, 2016, the County entered into a \$15,000,000 lease purchase agreement for energy conservation measures, primarily HVAC and electrical upgrades, at several County schools.

In September 2016, the EDA executed a land incentive agreement with a local business in the Amelon Commerce Center with the business purchasing an additional 1.047 acres for \$15,705. The EDA conveyed one acre of land, valued at \$15,000 to the business.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 26. New Accounting Standards

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following Statements which are not yet effective.

GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans other than Pensions improves the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits (pensions and OPEB) with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and interperiod equity, and creating additional transparency. This Statement will be effective for the year ending June 30, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits (pensions and OPEB) with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and interperiod equity, and creating additional transparency. This Statement will be effective for the year ending June 30, 2018.

GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, requires governments to disclose information about the nature and magnitude of tax abatements granted to a specific taxpayer, typically for the purpose of economic development. This does not cover programs that reduce the tax liabilities of broad classes of taxpayers, such as senior citizens or veterans, and which are not the product of individual agreements with each taxpayer. The Statement does not consider issues related to recognition. This Statement will be effective for the year ending June 30, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 78, Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans addresses a practice issue regarding the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. This issue is associated with pensions provided through certain multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and to state or local governmental employers whose employees are provided with such pensions. This Statement amends the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68 to exclude pensions provided to employees of state or local governmental employers through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that (1) is not a state or local governmental pension plan, (2) is used to provide defined benefit pensions both to employees of state or local governmental employers and to employees of employers that are not state or local governmental employers, and (3) has no predominant state or local governmental employer (either individually or collectively with other state or local governmental employers that provide pensions through the pension plan). This Statement establishes requirements for recognition and measurement of pension expense, expenditures, and liabilities; note disclosures; and required supplementary information for pensions that have the characteristics described above. This Statement will be effective for the year ending June 30, 2017.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 26. New Accounting Standards (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. This Statement establishes additional note disclosure requirements for qualifying external investment pools that measure all of their investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes and for governments that participate in those pools. Those disclosures for both the qualifying external investment pools and their participants include information about any limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals. This Statement will be effective for the year ending June 30, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 clarifies the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. This Statement amends the blending requirements established in paragraph 53 of Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended. This Statement amends the blending requirements for the financial statement presentation of component units of all state and local governments. The additional criterion requires blending of a component unit incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The additional criterion does not apply to component units included in the financial reporting entity pursuant to the provisions of Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units. This Statement will be effective for the year ending June 30, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements* provides recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. This Statement requires that a government that receives resources pursuant to an irrevocable split-interest agreement recognize assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the inception of the agreement. Furthermore, this Statement requires that a government recognize assets representing its beneficial interests in irrevocable split-interest agreements that are administered by a third party, if the government controls the present service capacity of the beneficial interests. This Statement requires that a government recognize revenue when the resources become applicable to the reporting period. This Statement will be effective for the year ending June 30, 2018.

GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73 addresses certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets that are not within the scope of GASB Statement No. 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68. Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. This Statement will be effective for the year ending June 30, 2017, except for certain provisions regarding assumptions for plans with a measurement date that differs from the employer's reporting date – those provisions are effective for the year ending June 30, 2018.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2016

								ariance with inal Budget
		Budgeted	Amo		<u>.</u>		Positive	
		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
REVENUES								
General property taxes	\$	21,953,189	\$	21,953,189	\$	21,919,213	\$	(33,976)
Other local taxes	Ψ	6,942,200	Ψ	6,948,612	Ψ	7,021,941	Ψ	73,329
Permits, fees, license		156,600		156,600		166,321		9,721
Fines and forfeitures		130,000		178,258		278,583		100,325
Use of money and property		95,501		95,501		115,046		19,545
Charges for services		1,346,498		1,412,499		1,491,147		78,648
Miscellaneous		61,750						(77,022)
				159,654		82,632		
Recovered costs		161,676		283,933		529,830		245,897
Intergovernmental revenues:		C 101 101		7.200.016		6760 460		(511.540)
Commonwealth		6,191,431		7,280,016		6,768,468		(511,548)
Federal		722,975		620,296		1,226,440		606,144
Total revenues		37,631,820		39,088,558		39,599,621		511,063
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration		2,305,366		2,562,121		2,470,122		91,999
Judicial administration		1,231,363		1,294,367		1,234,688		59,679
Public safety		10,137,728		11,797,994		10,917,683		880,311
Public works		884,966		1,207,206		1,082,970		124,236
Health and welfare		3,314,622		4,219,072		4,253,852		(34,780)
Education		15,071,456		15,071,470		14,545,851		525,619
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,111,142		1,136,067		1,107,223		28,844
Community development		648,263		784,167		612,556		171,611
Nondepartmental		338,789		321,736		136,625		185,111
Capital projects		100,000		93,136		93,136		-
Debt service:		100,000		75,150		73,130		
Principal		1,713,225		1,740,195		1,740,802		(607)
Interest		696,156		669,186		667,182		2,004
Total expenditures		37,553,076		40,896,717		38,862,690		2,034,027
Excess of revenues (under) expenditures		78,744		(1,808,159)		736,931		2,545,090
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		1,544,039		1,651,195				(1,651,195)
Transfers out		(1,552,571)		(1,571,502)		(1,552,571)		18,931
Hansiels out		(1,332,371)		(1,3/1,302)		(1,332,371)		10,931
Total other financing sources (uses)		(8,532)		79,693		(1,552,571)		(1,632,264)
Net change in fund balance	\$	70,212	\$	(1,728,466)	\$	(815,640)	\$	912,826

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – PRIMARY GOVERNMENT June 30, 2016

	Plan Year		
	2015	2014	
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest on total pension liability Difference between expected and actual experience Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	\$ 874,938 2,567,290 (442,541) (1,666,446)	\$ 950,553 2,439,990 - (1,477,503)	
Net change in total pension liability	1,333,241	1,913,040	
Total pension liability – beginning	37,508,789	35,595,749	
Total pension liability – ending	38,842,030	37,508,789	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions – employer Contributions – employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expenses Other	942,715 369,385 1,554,214 (1,666,446) (21,323) (331)	884,349 368,536 4,678,377 (1,477,503) (25,170) 247	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	1,178,214	4,428,836	
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning	34,132,057	29,703,221	
Plan fiduciary net position – ending	35,310,271	34,132,057	
Net pension liability (asset) – ending	\$ 3,531,759	\$ 3,376,732	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	91%	91%	
Covered employee payroll	\$ 7,085,697	\$ 7,232,732	
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered employee payroll	50%	47%	

The plan years above are reported in the entity's financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year - i.e., plan year 2014 information was presented in the entity's fiscal year 2015 financial report.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since fiscal year 2015 (plan year 2014) was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – SCHOOLS – NONPROFESSIONAL EMPLOYEES June 30, 2016

	Plan Year			
		2015		2014
Total Pension Liability				
Service cost	\$	241,309	\$	248,646
Interest on total pension liability Difference between expected and actual experience		469,365 115,149		443,148
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(320,157)		(314,377)
Net change in total pension liability		505,666		377,417
Total pension liability – beginning		6,865,296		6,487,879
Total pension liability – ending		7,370,962		6,865,296
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions – employer		138,428		159,871
Contributions – employee		118,082		113,591
Net investment income		355,124		1,062,244
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(320,157)		(314,377)
Administrative expenses Other		(4,860) (75)		(5,711) 56
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		286,542		1,015,674
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning		7,775,642		6,759,968
Plan fiduciary net position – ending		8,062,184		7,775,642
Net pension asset – ending	\$	(691,222)	\$	(910,346)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		109%		113%
Covered employee payroll	\$	2,353,184	\$	2,232,203
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered employee payroll		-29%		-41%

The plan years above are reported in the entity's financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year - i.e., plan year 2014 information was presented in the entity's fiscal year 2015 financial report.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since fiscal year 2015 (plan year 2014) was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS June 30, 2016

Contributions in Relation to Actuarially **Entity Fiscal** Actuarially Contribution Covered **Contributions as** Year Ended **Determined Determined Deficiency Employee** a Percentage of June 30, Contribution Contribution (Excess) **Payroll Covered Payroll Primary Government** 946,476 \$ 6,665,766 14.20 % 2016 946,476 \$ \$ 2015 936,908 936,908 7,085,697 13.22 **Schools - Nonprofessional Employees** \$ \$ 5.43 % 132,090 132,090 \$ 2,431,341 2016 \$ 2015 139,666 139,666 2,353,184 5.94

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 was the first year for this presentation, only two years of data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS December 31, 2015

	Amherst County <u>Service Authority</u> Plan Year			
		2014		
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest on total pension liability Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	\$	90,808 304,802 (80,845)		
Net change in total pension liability		314,765		
Total pension liability – beginning		4,394,743		
Total pension liability – ending		4,709,508		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions – employer Contributions – employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expenses Other		87,241 48,578 582,084 (80,845) (3,060) 31		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		634,029		
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning		3,651,472		
Plan fiduciary net position – ending		4,285,501		
Net pension liability – ending	\$	424,007		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		91%		
Covered employee payroll	\$	1,403,408		
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		30%		

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 was the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

The above information is derived from the plan year, which is then reported in the subsequent fiscal year of the Authority, (i.e., plan year ended June 30, 2014 is reported in the Authority's fiscal year ended December 31, 2015).

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS December 31, 2015

AMHERST COUNTY SERVICE AUTHORITY

				tributions delation to				Contributions
Year Ended December 31,	·				E	Covered mployee Payroll	as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
2015	\$	87,597	\$	87,597	\$ -	\$	947,173	9.25 %

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 was the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY VRS TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN June 30, 2016

				Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net	DI ELL
School Division Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	Employer's Covered Employee Payroll	Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Employee Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2016 2015	0.31 % 0.32	\$ 39,132,000 38,334,000	\$ 23,106,966 24,876,103	169.35 % 154.10	70.68 % 70.88

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the measurement period, which is the twelve months prior to the school division's fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS VRS TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN June 30, 2016

			tributions in Relation to				Contributions	as
Year Ended June 30,	ntractually Contractually Contribution Required Required Deficiency Intribution Contribution (Excess)			iciency	Covered Employee Payroll	a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		
2016	\$ 3,311,310	\$	3,311,310	\$	-	\$ 23,505,345	14.09	%
2015	3,233,120		3,233,120		-	23,106,966	13.99	

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the school division's fiscal year - i.e. the covered payroll on which required contributions were based for the same year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS June 30, 2016

VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM - HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT

Actuarial Actuarial Valuation Date Value of Asset			Actuarial Accrued Liability		Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)		Funded Ratio		Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		
June 30, 2015 June 30, 2014 June 30, 2013	\$	114,411 113,861 107.993	\$	175,757 184,598 177,072	\$	61,346 70,737 69,079	65.10 61.68 60.99	3	\$ 2,993,009 3,155,835 2,964,990	2.05 2.24 2.33	, -	

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2016

Note 1. Changes of Benefit Terms – Virginia Retirement System

There have been no actuarially material changes to the Virginia Retirement System (System) benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. The 2014 valuation includes Hybrid Retirement Plan members for the first time. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. Because this was a new benefit and the number of participants was relatively small, the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2015 are not material.

Note 2. Changes of Assumptions

The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

Largest 10 – Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Largest 10 – LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Teacher cost-sharing pool

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

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OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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AGENCY FUNDS

EXHIBIT 20

COUNTY OF AMHERST, VIRGINIA

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2016

	Special Welfare			orfeited Assets	Total		
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	5,586	\$	42,224	\$	47,810	
Total assets	\$	5,586	\$	42,224	\$	47,810	
LIABILITIES Amounts held for others	\$	5,586	\$	42,224	\$	47,810	
Total liabilities	\$	5,586	\$	42,224	\$	47,810	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Deletions		Ending Balance	
Special Welfare Fund ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	2,955	\$	34,872	\$	32,241	\$	5,586
Total assets	\$	2,955	\$	34,872	\$	32,241	\$	5,586
LIABILITIES								
Amounts held for others	\$	2,955	\$	34,872	\$	32,241	\$	5,586
Total liabilities	\$	2,955	\$	34,872	\$	32,241	\$	5,586
Forfeited Assets ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	40,445	\$	20,243	\$	18,464	\$	42,224
Total assets	\$	40,445	\$	20,243	\$	18,464	\$	42,224
LIABILITIES								
Amounts held for others	\$	40,445	\$	20,243	\$	18,464	\$	42,224
Total liabilities	\$	40,445	\$	20,243	\$	18,464	\$	42,224
Totals – All Agency Funds ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	43,400	\$	55,115	\$	50,705	\$	47,810
Total assets	\$	43,400	\$	55,115	\$	50,705	\$	47,810
LIABILITIES								
Amounts held for others	\$	43,400	\$	55,115	\$	50,705	\$	47,810
Total liabilities	\$	43,400	\$	55,115	\$	50,705	\$	47,810

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DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – SCHOOL BOARD

School Operating Fund

The School Operating Fund is a Special Revenue fund that accounts for the operations of the County's school system. Financing is provided by the State and Federal Governments as well as contributions from the General Fund.

School Cafeteria Fund

The Cafeteria Fund is a Special Revenue fund that accounts for the County's school lunch program. Financing is provided from lunch sales and state and federal reimbursements.

School Textbook Fund

The School Textbook Fund is a Special Revenue fund that accounts for transactions related to the adoption of textbooks to be utilized in the County's school system.

School Construction Fund

The School Construction Fund accounts for the construction and renovation activities for the County's school system.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – SCHOOL BOARD June 30, 2016

		School Operating		School Cafeteria		School Textbook	School nstruction		Total
ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable, net Due from primary government Due from other governmental units Prepaid items	\$	253,654 3,185,053 1,478,477 61,716	\$	747,941 - - - -	\$	729,919 - - - -	\$ 380,488	\$	1,858,348 253,654 3,185,053 1,478,477 61,716
Total assets	\$	4,978,900	\$	747,941	\$	729,919	\$ 380,488	\$	6,837,248
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	44,230 4,934,670	\$	1,248 143,929	\$	- -	\$ - -	\$	45,478 5,078,599
Total liabilities		4,978,900		145,177		-	 		5,124,077
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Assigned Unassigned		61,716 - (61,716)		- 602,764 -		- 729,919 -	380,488		61,716 1,713,171 (61,716)
Total fund balances		-		602,764		729,919	 380,488		1,713,171
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,978,900	\$	747,941	\$	729,919	\$ 380,488	\$	6,837,248
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the S different because:	Staten	nent of Net Po	sition	(Exhibit 1) a	re				
Total fund balances – governmental funds								\$	1,713,171
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not frare not reported in the funds. Financial statement elements related to pension are approximately approximately activities are not from the following statement elements.			d, ther	efore,					18,170,640
periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Deferred outflows of resources related to pension Deferred inflows of resources related to pension Net pension asset Net pension liability	эпсао.	ie to future					3,600,460 (3,853,989) 691,222 (39,132,000)		(29 (04 207)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the cur period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	rent								(38,694,307)
Compensated absences								_	(626,217)
Net position of governmental activities								\$	(19,436,713)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – SCHOOL BOARD Year Ended June 30, 2016

	School Operating	School Cafeteria	School Textbook	School Construction	Total			
REVENUES Revenue from the use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous Recovered costs Intergovernmental revenues: County contribution	\$ 2,535 240,163 159,346 577,103 14,038,852	\$ - 833,257 -	\$ 73 - - -	\$ 20,663 - - - - 500,212	\$ 23,271 1,073,420 159,346 577,103 14,539,064			
Commonwealth Federal Total revenues	25,702,533 2,739,144 43,459,676	36,711 1,343,700 2,213,668	73	520,875	25,739,244 4,082,844 46,194,292			
EXPENDITURES Education	43,459,676	2,162,255	-	484,392	46,106,323			
Total expenditures	43,459,676	2,162,255	-	484,392	46,106,323			
Net change in fund balances		51,413	73	36,483	87,969			
FUND BALANCES AT JULY 1		551,351	729,846	344,005	1,625,202			
FUND BALANCES AT JUNE 30	\$ -	\$ 602,764	\$ 729,919	\$ 380,488	\$ 1,713,171			
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the	Statement of Activi	ties (Exhibit 2) are	different because:					
Net change in fund balances - total governmental fund	ds				\$ 87,969			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expendit Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over the as depreciation expense. Capital outlay Depreciation expense	ures. However, in the ir estimated useful li	he Statement of ives and reported		\$ 217,597 (1,911,325)				
Contribution of school buses from County 93,136 Allocation of debt financed school assets based on current year repayments and drawdowns of bond proceeds 1,023,685								
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.								
Employer pension contributions Pension expense				3,443,400 (2,021,298)	1,422,102			
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities financial resources and, therefore are not reported as e Compensated absences					(103,056)			
Change in net position of governmental activities					\$ 830,108			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – SCHOOL BOARD Year Ended June 30, 2016

	School Operating						School Cafeteria									
	Budget	ed Am	ounts			Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive	_	Budgeted	Ame	ounts			Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive	
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES																
Revenue from the use of																
money and property	\$ -	\$	1,354	\$	2,535	\$	1,181	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Charges for services	449,500		505,993		240,163		(265,830)		948,088		948,088		833,257		(114,831)	
Miscellaneous	117,927		120,746		159,346		38,600		-		-		-		-	
Recovered costs	613,952		613,952		577,103		(36,849)		-		-		-		-	
Intergovernmental revenues:																
County contribution	15,064,683		14,634,683		14,038,852		(595,831)		-		-		-		-	
Commonwealth	25,472,855		25,686,095		25,702,533		16,438		92,000		92,000		36,711		(55,289)	
Federal	3,058,326		3,058,326		2,739,144		(319,182)		1,328,815		1,328,815		1,343,700		14,885	
Total revenues	44,777,243		44,621,149		43,459,676		(1,161,473)		2,368,903		2,368,903		2,213,668		(155,235)	
EXPENDITURES																
Education	44,777,243		44,621,149		43,459,676		1,161,473		2,368,903		2,368,903		2,162,255		206,648	
Total expenditures	44,777,243		44,621,149		43,459,676		1,161,473		2,368,903		2,368,903		2,162,255		206,648	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	-		-		-		-		-		-		51,413		51,413	
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$	-	\$		\$	_	\$		\$		\$	51,413	\$	51,413	

EXHIBIT 24

School Textbook					School Construction									
	Budgete	ed Amoun	ıts	_		Final	nce with Budget sitive	Budgeted Amounts					Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
Or	iginal		inal	A	ctual		gative)	Original		Final		Actual		legative)
\$	-	\$	-	\$	73	\$	73	\$ -	\$	-	\$	20,663	\$	20,663
	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-
	_		-		-		-	-		430,000		500,212		70,212
	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-
		-						 						-
	-		-		73		73	 		430,000		520,875		90,875
	-		-					 70,212		500,212		484,392		15,820
	-		-		-		-	 70,212		500,212		484,392		15,820
	-		-		73		73	 (70,212)		(70,212)		36,483		106,695
					5 0	d)	7.0	(50.015)		(50.015)	ф	25.403	ф	105 507
\$	-	\$	-	\$	73	\$	73	\$ (70,212)	\$	(70,212)	\$	36,483	\$	106,695

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DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – AMHERST ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY June 30, 2016

	Enterprise Fund
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 145,449
Noncurrent assets	
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable	329,509
Depreciable, net	462,262
Total noncurrent assets	791,771
Total assets	937,220
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	17,942
Accrued wages	14,737
Unearned revenue	8,253
Current portion of notes payable	32,867
Total current liabilities	73,799
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Notes payable, net of current portion	849,247
Total liabilities	923,046
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	606,461
Unrestricted	(592,287)
Total net position	\$ 14,174

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – AMHERST ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Enterprise Fund
OPERATING REVENUES Rents	\$ 154,042
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Salaries and benefits	73,549
Contractual services	123,885
Depreciation expense	14,446
Facilities costs	98,897
Other operating costs	15,183
Total operating expenses	325,960
Operating loss	(171,918)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Contributions from Amherst County	144,830
Other income	21,166
Interest expense	(40,816)
Net nonoperating revenues	125,180
Change in net position	(46,738)
NET POSITION JULY 1	60,912
NET POSITION JUNE 30	\$ 14,174

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – AMHERST ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY Year Ended June 30, 2016

	E	nterprise Fund
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from grantors and customers	\$	162,295
Payments to employees		(65,913)
Payments to grantees and suppliers		(224,922)
Net cash used in operating activities		(128,540)
NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Contributions from Amherst County		144,830
Other receipts		21,166
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		165,996
CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Payments on long-term debt		(33,431)
Interest paid on long-term debt		(40,816)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(74,247)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(36,791)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Beginning at July 1		182,240
Ending at June 30	\$	145,449
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	_	(4-4-04-0)
Operating loss	\$	(171,918)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net		
cash used in operating activities: Depreciation		14,446
Change in assets and liabilities:		14,440
Increase in accounts payable		13,043
Increase in unearned revenue		8,253
Increase in accrued wages		7,636
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(128,540)

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2016

				Variance From Final Budget	
	Budget A	Amounts		Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Primary Government:					
General Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
General property taxes:					
Real property taxes	\$ 13,191,773	\$ 13,191,773	\$ 13,054,379	\$ (137,394)	
Real and personal public service corporation		, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -,	, -,,	, , , , ,	
property taxes	619,968	619,968	669,979	50,011	
Personal property taxes	5,475,914	5,475,914	5,516,883	40,969	
Mobile home taxes	64,574	64,574	59,230	(5,344)	
Machinery and tools taxes	1,932,107	1,932,107	1,993,183	61,076	
Merchant's capital	283,853	283,853	312,549	28,696	
Penalties	225,000	225,000	202,807	(22,193)	
Interest	160,000	160,000	110,203	(49,797)	
m . I	21.052.100	21.052.100	21.010.212	(22.07.6)	
Total general property taxes	21,953,189	21,953,189	21,919,213	(33,976)	
Other local taxes:					
Local sales and use taxes	2,450,000	2,450,000	2,550,304	100,304	
Consumers' utility taxes	2,253,000	2,253,000	2,044,472	(208,528)	
Business license taxes	344,000	344,000	380,601	36,601	
Bank stock taxes	75,000	75,000	92,186	17,186	
Motor vehicle licenses	675,000	675,000	723,346	48,346	
Taxes on recordation and wills	197,400	197,400	201,942	4,542	
Lodging taxes	83,000	89,412	71,753	(17,659)	
Meals tax	864,800	864,800	957,337	92,537	
Total other local taxes	6,942,200	6,948,612	7,021,941	73,329	
Domnita mirrilage face and negationary licensess					
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:	17 200	17 200	12 245	(2.055)	
Animal licenses	17,200	17,200	13,245	(3,955)	
Building and related permits	95,000	95,000	112,767	17,767	
Permits and other licenses	44,400	44,400	40,309	(4,091)	
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	156,600	156,600	166,321	9,721	
Fines and Forfeitures:					
Court fines and forfeitures		178,258	278,583	100,325	
Total fines and forfeitures		178,258	278,583	100,325	
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from use of money	25,000	25,000	32,780	7,780	
Revenue from use of property	70,501	70,501	82,266	11,765	
Total revenue from use of money and property	95,501	95,501	115,046	19,545	
Charges for services:					
Sheriff's fees	2,198	2,198	8,199	6,001	
Collection fees – taxes and liens	25,000	25,000	77,961	52,961	
Commonwealth attorney fees	3,200	3,200	4,371	1,171	
Courthouse security fees	105,000	105,000	87,659	(17,341)	
Jail processing fees	6,000	6,000	4,934	(1,066)	
Charges for parks and recreation	41,000	41,000	50,908	9,908	
Charges for parks and recreation	41,000	41,000	30,308	7,700	

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2016

				Variance From Final Budget
		Amounts		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued) General Fund: (Continued) Revenue from local sources: (Continued)				
Charges for services: (Continued)	e 22.200	¢ 22.200	¢ 24.701	¢ 1.501
Library Emergency medical service fees	\$ 23,200 1,135,000	\$ 23,200 1,135,000	\$ 24,781 1,064,155	\$ 1,581 (70,845)
Telecommunication charges	1,155,000	1,155,000	82,456	82,456
Warehouse charges	-	_	11,807	11.807
Other charges for services	5,900	71,901	73,916	2,015
outer enanges for services	5,700	, 1,,, 01	,5,510	2,010
Total charges for services	1,346,498	1,412,499	1,491,147	78,648
Miscellaneous revenue:				
Miscellaneous	61,750	159,654	82,632	(77,022)
	01,700	105,00.	02,002	(77,022)
Total miscellaneous revenue	61,750	159,654	82,632	(77,022)
Recovered costs:				
Share of judge's expenses	20,426	20.426	14.812	(5,614)
Social services	-	9,257	10,058	801
CSA recoveries	_	-,20.	56,309	56,309
Public safety	121,850	148,230	167,400	19,170
Miscellaneous recoveries	19,400	106,020	281,251	175,231
Total recovered costs	161,676	283,933	529,830	245,897
Total revenue from local sources	30,717,414	31,188,246	31,604,713	416,467
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Noncategorical aid:				
Motor vehicles carriers' tax	84,000	84,000	83,846	(154)
Mobile home titling taxes	25,000	25,000	35,984	10,984
Auto rental tax	31,000	31,000	23,262	(7,738)
PPTRA	2,199,018	2,199,018	2,199,018	7 220
Recordation tax	46,000	46,000	53,328	7,328
Total noncategorical aid	2,385,018	2,385,018	2,395,438	10,420
Categorical aid:				
Shared expenses:				
Commonwealth's attorney	350,801	360,087	397,256	37,169
Sheriff	1,502,439	1,525,023	1,545,397	20,374
Commissioner of the Revenue	103,578	103,578	100,798	(2,780)
Treasurer	113,604	113,604	112,735	(869)
Registrar/electoral board	37,400	37,400	41,389	3,989
Clerk of the Circuit Court	283,949	283,949	305,951	22,002
Total shared expenses	2,391,771	2,423,641	2,503,526	79,885

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2016

	P. 1. 44			Variance From Final Budget	
	Budget A Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Fillal	Actual	(Negative)	
Primary Government: (Continued)					
General Fund: (Continued)					
Intergovernmental revenue: (Continued)					
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)					
Other categorical aid: Public assistance and welfare administration	\$ 1.033.667	\$ 1.117.315	\$ 602,006	\$ (515,309)	
Health department	\$ 1,033,667	\$ 1,117,315	\$ 602,006 10.408	\$ (515,309) 10,408	
Library grant	147,930	147,930	146,845	(1,085)	
Fire program	90,465	95,431	140,643	(95,431)	
EMS – 4 for life	28,000	28,000	_	(28,000)	
Juvenile justice – crime control	35,000	35,000	37.022	2,022	
Emergency management grant	14,911	150,911	182,427	31,516	
Victim witness	47,571	56,348	56,270	(78)	
Juror reimbursement	8,000	14,000	15,044	1.044	
Comprehensive services	9,098	755,863	587,167	(168,696)	
Rescue squad assistance fund	-	24,552	-	(24,552)	
Miscellaneous		46,007	232,315	186,308	
Total other categorical aid	1,414,642	2,471,357	1,869,504	(601,853)	
Total categorical aid	3,806,413	4,894,998	4,373,030	(521,968)	
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	6,191,431	7,280,016	6,768,468	(511,548)	
Revenue from the Federal Government:					
Non-categorical aid:			c4 40 2	c1 10 2	
Payment in lieu of taxes			61,192	61,192	
Categorical aid:					
Public assistance and welfare	722,975	620,296	1,165,248	544,952	
Total categorical aid	722,975	620,296	1,165,248	544,952	
Total categorical aid	122,713	020,270	1,103,240	344,732	
Total revenue from the Federal Government	722,975	620,296	1,226,440	606,144	
Total General Fund	37,631,820	39,088,558	39,599,621	511,063	
Special Revenue Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Charges for services:					
Recreation trips	-	1,645	48,497	46,852	
Landfill operations	226,200	226,200	359,995	133,795	
Other charges for services			177	177	
Total charges for services	226,200	227,845	408,669	180,824	
ř					

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budget	Amounts		Variance From Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued) Special Revenue Fund: (Continued) Revenue from local sources: (Continued) Miscellaneous revenue:				
Dare donations Miscellaneous	\$ - -	\$ 19,521 10,132	\$ 23,338 35,298	\$ 3,817 25,166
Total miscellaneous revenue		29,653	58,636	28,983
Recovered costs Recovered costs		501	979	478
Total revenue from local sources	226,200	257,999	468,284	210,285
Intergovernmental revenue: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Other categorical aid: E-911 wireless grant Litter control DEQ and RSAF grants Other state revenues	8,000 - 4,000	8,000 23,660 4,000	62,076 11,380 56,213 6,655	62,076 3,380 32,553 2,655
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	12,000	35,660	136,324	100,664
Revenue from the Federal Government: Categorical aid: Community development block grant – stump hill project Highway planning and construction DMV grants Sheriff grants	- - - -	582,781 37,017 2,906	25,339 372,909 28,738 2,906	25,339 (209,872) (8,279)
Total revenue from the Federal Government	_	622,704	429,892	(192,812)
Total Special Revenue Fund	238,200	916,363	1,034,500	118,137
Capital Projects Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of money			9,177	9,177
Total Capital Projects Fund		-	9,177	9,177
Total Revenues – Primary Government	\$ 37,870,020	\$ 40,004,921	\$ 40,643,298	\$ 638,377
Component Unit – School Board: School Operating Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of property	\$ -	\$ 1,354	\$ 2,535	\$ 1,181
Charges for services: Tuition Textbook Sales Transportation Other	61,500 336,000 48,000 4,000	72,993 336,000 35,000 62,000	89,347 - 28,312 122,504	16,354 (336,000) (6,688) 60,504
Total charges for services	449,500	505,993	240,163	(265,830)

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GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budget Amounts			Variance From Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Component Unit – School Board: (Continued) School Operating Fund: (Continued)					
Miscellaneous revenue: Miscellaneous	\$ 117,927	\$ 120,746	\$ 159,346	\$ 38,600	
Recovered costs:					
Recovered costs	613,952	613,952	577,103	(36,849)	
Total revenue from local sources	1,181,379	1,242,045	979,147	(262,898)	
Intergovernmental revenue:					
County contribution to School Board	15,064,683	14,634,683	14,038,852	(595,831)	
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Categorical aid: Share of state sales tax	4,865,792	4,865,792	4,882,095	16,303	
Basic school aid	12,533,175	12,583,175	12,498,680	(84,495)	
Special ed SOQ	1,554,422	1,554,422	1,546,212	(8,210)	
Remedial education	487,498	487,498	484,923	(2,575)	
Technology	336,000	336,000	308,511	(27,489)	
Lottery	180,179	180,179	245,813	65,634	
Primary class size	455,015	455,015	434,794	(20,221)	
Fringe benefits Textbooks	2,365,062	2,365,062	2,352,570	(12,492)	
	87,861	87,861	20,813	(67,048)	
Preschool	274,072	274,072	274,072	(602)	
Gifted and talented	130,928	130,928	130,236	(692)	
At-risk	439,994	439,994	437,582	(2,412)	
Regional program	836,813	836,813	763,970	(72,843)	
Vocational education SOQ	281,356	281,356	279,870	(1,486)	
Salary Supplement	-	-	216,693	216,693	
Adult Basic Education Regionalization	-	-	113,751	113,751	
Other state funds	644,688	807,928	711,948	(95,980)	
Total categorical aid	25,472,855	25,686,095	25,702,533	16,438	
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	25,472,855	25,686,095	25,702,533	16,438	
Revenue from the Federal Government:					
Non-categorical Federal land use	70,000	70,000	70,204	204	
Categorical aid:					
Preschool handicap	19,916	19,916	18,957	(959)	
Adult basic aid	544,904	544,904	350,307	(194,597)	
Title I	981,196	981,196	919,974	(61,222)	
Title II	172,000	172,000	152,546	(19,454)	
Title VI-B special education	1,104,933	1,104,933	1,134,918	29,985	
Vocational education	78,600	78,600	66,916	(11,684)	
Other education	86,777	86,777	25,322	(61,455)	
Total categorical aid	2,988,326	2,988,326	2,668,940	(319,386)	
Total revenue from the Federal Government	3,058,326	3,058,326	2,739,144	(319,182)	
Total School Operating Fund	44,777,243	44,621,149	43,459,676	(1,161,473)	

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2016

					Fi	riance From nal Budget
	 Budget .	Amo				Positive
	 <u>Original</u>		Final	 Actual	(Negative)
Component Unit – School Board: (Continued) Special Revenue Funds: School Cafeteria Fund: Revenue from local sources: Charges for services: Cafeteria sales	\$ 948,088	\$	948,088	\$ 833,257	\$	(114,831)
Intergovernmental revenue: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid: School food	 92,000		92,000	36,711		(55,289)
Revenue from the Federal Government:						
Categorical aid:						
School food	 1,328,815		1,328,815	1,343,700		14,885
Total School Cafeteria Fund	2,368,903		2,368,903	2,213,668		(155,235)
School Textbook Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of money	<u>-</u>			73		73
Total School Textbook Fund	-		-	73		73
School Construction Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of property	-			20,663		20,663
Total revenue from use of money and property	-		-	20,663		20,663
Intergovernmental revenue: County contribution to School Board			430,000	 500,212		70,212
Total School Construction Fund	 -		430,000	520,875		90,875
Total Revenues – Component Unit – School Board	\$ 47,146,146	\$	47,420,052	\$ 46,194,292	\$	(1,225,760)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budge	t Amounts		Variance From Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Primary Government: General Fund: General government administration:				
Legislative: Board of supervisors	\$ 181,865	\$ 222,045	\$ 259,114	\$ (37,069)
General and financial administration: County administrator Commissioner of the revenue Treasurer Central accounting Purchasing County attorney Information technology	234,012 357,929 378,358 240,138 171,696 167,901 343,417	360,388 408,713 226,846	227,183 317,089 402,952 210,322 172,734 156,652 325,474	6,817 43,299 5,761 16,524 3,032 7,032 34,659
Human resources	36,489	36,738	30,902	5,836
Total general and financial administration	1,929,940	1,966,268	1,843,308	122,960
Board of Elections/Registrar: Electoral board and officials and registrar	193,561	373,808	367,700	6,108
Total general government administration	2,305,366	2,562,121	2,470,122	91,999
Judicial administration: Courts:				
Circuit court General district court Magistrate Juvenile and domestic relations court Clerk of the circuit court Jurors VJCCCA	75,441 15,645 490 16,784 438,166 6,000 73,301	16,784 455,960	84,599 11,289 - 15,440 444,401 15,192 43,752	499 4,356 490 1,344 11,559 4,182 29,549
Total courts	625,827	666,652	614,673	51,979
Commonwealth's attorney: Commonwealth's attorney Victim advocate grant	542,904 62,632	556,959 70,756	547,941 72,074	9,018 (1,318)
Total commonwealth's attorney	605,536	627,715	620,015	7,700
Total judicial administration	1,231,363	1,294,367	1,234,688	59,679
Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff	3,871,333	4,366,237	4,213,056	153,181
Total law enforcement and traffic control	3,871,333	4,366,237	4,213,056	153,181
Fire and rescue services: Volunteer emergency services Volunteer rescue services Emergency medical services Emergency service council	283,109 222,480 1,466,326 274,442	1,763,868	292,721 169,908 1,702,477 151,995	15,804 20,982 61,391 147,572
Total fire and rescue services	2,246,357	2,562,850	2,317,101	245,749

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Rudget /	Amounts		Variance From Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued) General Fund: (Continued) Public safety: (Continued) Correction and detention: Contribution to regional jail operations	\$ 1,680,500	\$ 1,680,500	\$ 1,494,797	\$ 185,703
			_ +,,	
Inspections: Building	205,158	209,800	180,510	29,290
Other protection: Animal control Animal Shelter Emergency services Communications dispatch Other public safety	134,799 160,440 826,120 746,521 266,500	134,909 172,549 1,588,901 776,045 306,203	130,659 147,009 1,523,223 804,607 106,721	4,250 25,540 65,678 (28,562) 199,482
Total other protection	2,134,380	2,978,607	2,712,219	266,388
Total public safety	10,137,728	11,797,994	10,917,683	880,311
Public works: Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges, and sidewalks: Street lights	40,000	44,826	28,826	16,000
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: General properties	844,966	1,162,380	1,054,144	108,236
Total public works	884,966	1,207,206	1,082,970	124,236
Health and welfare: Health: Supplement of local health department	239,493	239,493	239,493	
Mental health and mental retardation: Community services board	95,153	95,153	95,153	
Welfare: Welfare administration Public assistance County contributions Comprehensive services Tax relief for the elderly	1,898,976 484,762 75,025 521,213	1,949,799 428,800 237,525 1,268,302	1,841,927 396,683 237,525 1,208,533 234,538	107,872 32,117 - 59,769 (234,538)
Total welfare	2,979,976	3,884,426	3,919,206	(34,780)
Total health and welfare	3,314,622	4,219,072	4,253,852	(34,780)
Education: Contributions to community colleges County contribution to School Board	6,773 15,064,683	6,787 15,064,683	6,787 14,539,064	525,619
Total education	15,071,456	15,071,470	14,545,851	525,619

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budget A	Amounts		Variance From Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued) General Fund: (Continued) Parks, recreation and cultural:				
Parks and recreation Parks and recreation	\$ 332,366	\$ 353,697	\$ 330,924	\$ 22,773
Library:				
Library	731,267	734,071	728,201	5,870
Museum	47,509	48,299	48,098	201
Total library	778,776	782,370	776,299	6,071
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	1,111,142	1,136,067	1,107,223	28,844
Community development: Planning and community development:				
Planning	248,096	253,774	250,030	3,744
Planning commission	24,189	21,655	21,408	247
Zoning board	3,160	3,160	1,035	2,125
Central Virginia planning	18,674	18,674	18,674	- 54 405
EDA board Contribution to EDA	58,526 144,830	58,526 144,830	4,041	54,485
Tourism	35,000	41,412	144,830 41,412	-
Community development projects	24,013	150,361	43,752	106,609
Total planning and community development	556,488	692,392	525,182	167,210
Environmental management:	0.500	9.500	9.500	
Soil and water conservation district	8,500	8,500	8,500	
Cooperative extension program: VPI extension	83,275	83,275	78,874	4,401
Total community development	648,263	784,167	612,556	171,611
Non-Departmental:				
Non-departmental:				
Insurance	58,000	54,687	53,877	810
Line of duty	33,000	43,551	43,551	-
Other	247,789	223,498	39,197	184,301
Total non-departmental	338,789	321,736	136,625	185,111
Capital Outlay: Capital outlay:				
School buses	100,000	93,136	93,136	
Total capital outlay	100,000	93,136	93,136	
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	1,713,225	1,740,195	1,740,802	(607)
Interest and fiscal charges	696,156	669,186	667,182	2,004
Total debt service	2,409,381	2,409,381	2,407,984	1,397
Total General Fund	37,553,076	40,896,717	38,862,690	2,034,027
				

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2016

	D J 4			Variance From Final Budget
	Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued) Special Revenue Fund: Public safety:				
Other protection: Miscellaneous public safety grants DARE program E-911 expenditures	\$ - - -	\$ 40,424 47,596	\$ 32,214 42,748 1,669	\$ 8,210 4,848 (1,669)
Total public safety		88,020	76,631	11,389
Public works: Sanitation and waste removal: Solid waste	1,790,771	1,790,771	1,703,944	86,827
Total public works	1,790,771	1,790,771	1,703,944	86,827
Parks, recreation and cultural: Parks and recreation Parks and recreation		274,915	160,573	114,342
Cultural Depot relocation/enhancement		383,093	46,023	337,070
Total parks, recreation, and cultural		658,008	206,596	451,412
Community development: Planning and community development: CDBG project – stump hill		-	43,106	(43,106)
Total community development			43,106	(43,106)
Total Special Revenue Funds	1,790,771	2,536,799	2,030,277	506,522
Capital Projects Fund: Public works: General construction projects		22,074,492	2,653,892	19,420,600
Total Capital Projects Fund		22,074,492	2,653,892	19,420,600
Total Expenditures – Primary Government	\$ 39,343,847	\$ 65,508,008	\$ 43,546,859	\$ 21,961,149
Component Unit – School Board: School Operating Fund: Education:				
Instruction Administration, attendance, and health Pupil transportation services Operation and maintenance services Technology	\$ 34,376,585 2,002,149 2,929,277 4,155,226 1,314,006	\$ 34,190,711 2,051,304 2,779,196 4,288,192 1,311,746	\$ 33,370,217 2,045,560 2,872,436 3,880,511 1,290,952	\$ 820,494 5,744 (93,240) 407,681 20,794
Total School Operating Fund	44,777,243	44,621,149	43,459,676	1,161,473

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budget	Amo	unts		Fi	riance From nal Budget Positive
	Original		Final	 Actual	(Negative)
Component Unit – School Board: (Continued) School Operating Fund: (Continued) Special Revenue Fund: School Cafeteria Fund: Education: School food services	\$ 2,368,903	\$	2,368,903	\$ 2,162,255	\$	206,648
School Construction Fund: Education: Capital projects	70,212		500,212	484,392		15,820
Total Expenditures - Component Unit - School Board	\$ 47,146,146	\$	47,490,264	\$ 46,106,323	\$	1,383,941

OTHER INFORMATION SECTION

TABLE 1

COUNTY OF AMHERST, VIRGINIA

GOVERNMENT-WIDE EXPENSES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	Ge	neral																		
	Gove	rnment		Judicial					H	lealth and		Rec	reation and	C	ommunity	Iı	nterest on	V	Vater and	
Fiscal Year	Admin	istration	Adr	ninistration	Pu	blic Safety	Pu	ıblic Works		Welfare	 Education		Cultural	De	velopment		Debt		Sewer	Total
2007	\$ 1	,753,718	\$	1,444,904	\$	8,081,177	\$	2,145,719	\$	4,191,694	\$ 11,591,180	\$	1,206,591	\$	1,683,352	\$	1,348,301	\$	2,874,288	\$ 36,320,924
2008	1	,926,555		1,320,578		8,858,705		2,620,346		4,194,455	13,869,415		1,236,661		1,482,031		1,657,450		2,944,126	40,110,322
2009	1	,845,246		1,382,588		9,754,820		1,992,168		5,107,006	10,643,924		1,273,589		1,957,203		1,677,976		3,189,616	38,824,136
2010	1	,669,782		1,350,102		8,974,042		3,739,973		4,444,208	12,899,817		1,245,055		490,425		1,196,863		3,408,338	39,418,605
2011	1	,690,623		1,356,685		8,756,354		2,141,153		4,147,244	13,208,833		1,072,529		667,805		1,387,309		3,409,473	37,838,008
2012	1	,767,430		1,287,304		10,077,086		1,861,116		4,081,753	13,701,208		1,105,089		168,682		1,141,516		3,341,373	38,532,557
2013	2	,267,593		1,260,079		10,699,839		4,801,185		4,564,438	13,412,266		420,238		597,117		1,064,766		3,718,640	42,806,161
2014	2	,310,834		1,252,945		12,337,529		3,292,690		3,813,066	15,473,905		1,655,635		1,872,726		684,512		3,770,700	46,464,542
2015	2	,297,022		1,269,372		10,575,623		3,326,923		3,818,367	14,418,116		1,555,006		1,375,216		688,554		3,819,278	43,143,477
2016	2	,252,063		1,279,439		10,108,631		3,380,591		4,133,175	15,663,137		1,221,157		655,103		600,798		3,792,350	43,086,444

GOVERNMENT-WIDE REVENUES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year	(Charges for Services	(Operating Grants and Ontributions		pital Grants and ontributions	Pr	General operty Taxes	C	Other Local Taxes	Co No	Grants and ontributions of Restricted to Specific Programs	1 N	venues from the Use of Money and Property	Mis	cellaneous	Total
2007	\$	4,379,534	\$	7.412.723	\$	1,313,474	\$	15.763.407	\$	6.777.047	\$	2,454,744	\$	1.324.987	\$	281,114	\$ 39,707,030
2008	Ψ	4,627,769	Ψ	7,117,806	Ψ	2,416,352	Ψ	16,564,067	Ψ	7,159,264	Ψ	2,435,830	Ψ	1,176,998	Ψ	355,710	41,853,796
2009		4,869,759		7,857,167		1,111,255		19,187,260		7,151,819		2,424,258		899,854		352,807	43,854,179
2010		5,178,969		7,174,916		1,904,889		18,945,245		5,420,027		3,632,335		488,571		380,687	43,125,639
2011		5,406,509		6,632,662		1,373,108		19,578,113		5,165,046		3,765,269		465,955		312,852	42,699,514
2012		5,404,275		6,682,107		146,894		20,436,547		5,171,164		3,625,924		330,555		143,760	41,941,226
2013		5,786,955		5,103,339		1,007,534		20,047,980		5,490,027		3,854,695		336,447		353,607	41,980,584
2014		5,703,356		6,301,493		1,986,253		21,099,556		6,847,214		2,451,644		103,384		179,001	44,671,901
2015		6,338,102		5,487,075		417,869		21,721,228		6,848,592		2,435,205		177,154		189,654	43,614,879
2016		6,820,048		5,603,239		398,248		21,990,825		7,021,941		2,467,038		124,223		141,268	44,566,830

GENERAL GOVERNMENT REVENUES BY SOURCE (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year	Gen	neral Property Taxes	_	Other Local Taxes		rmit Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses		ines and orfeitures	the U	venues from Use of Money d Property		Charges for Services	М	iscellaneous	Reco	overed Costs	Go	Inter- vernmental ⁽²⁾		Total
2007	\$	15,727,042	\$	6,777,047	\$	225,398	\$	199,559	\$	1,295,742	\$	2,634,567	\$	832,479	\$	235,057	\$	41,730,769	\$	69,657,660
2008	Ψ	16,521,907	Ψ	7,159,264	Ψ	256,913	Ψ	167,703	Ψ	1,138,403	Ψ	3,055,314	Ψ	787,039	Ψ	249,789	Ψ	42,140,542	Ψ	71,476,874
2009		18,974,212		7,151,819		200,835		274,117		803,309		3,209,688		943,554		257,907		45,536,631		77,352,072
2010		18,579,009		5,420,027		197,282		442,051		484,685		2,881,950		641,153		200,857		44,102,004		72,949,018
2011		19,609,216		5,165,046		147,832		467,564		664,694		2,616,552		764,380		451,593		41,025,200		70,912,077
2012		20,325,759		5,171,164		167,088		554,292		337,609		2,430,066		962,279		230,478		42,229,309		72,408,044
2013		20,192,306		5,490,027		178,669		626,244		356,574		3,272,242		1,099,117		197,554		38,819,135		70,231,868
2014		21,519,385		6,847,214		183,707		510,928		345,948		3,135,838		321,053		1,062,477		37,986,613		71,913,163
2015		21,700,594		6,848,592		153,827		443,406		374,454		2,920,001		292,097		1,166,486		39,340,868		73,240,325
2016		21,919,213		7,021,941		166,321		278,583		301,536		2,973,236		321,780		1,107,912		38,383,212		72,473,734

⁽¹⁾ Includes General, Special Revenue, and Capital Project Funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Units.

⁽²⁾ Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Units.

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year	General Government Administration	Judicial Administration	Public Safety	Public Works	Health and Welfare	Education (2)	Recreation and Cultural	Community Development (2)	Non- developmental	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Total
2007	\$ 1,923,699	\$ 1,366,085	\$ 8,082,003	\$ 2,162,008	\$ 4,274,917	\$ 43,185,401	\$ 1,197,634	\$ 2,277,781	\$ 80,688	\$ 1,242,417	\$ 4,422,481	\$ 70,215,114
2008	2,004,482	1,231,603	9,411,657	4,957,059	4,205,499	48,403,627	1,202,770	919,370	-	2,554,468	4,624,010	79,514,545
2009	1,911,715	1,287,362	9,518,249	4,237,721	5,076,383	47,521,928	1,300,894	1,952,125	-	1,702,037	5,050,203	79,558,617
2010	1,752,085	1,287,963	9,451,528	3,688,457	4,544,073	45,637,598	1,190,048	731,934	-	303,517	4,811,679	73,398,882
2011	1,731,847	1,301,807	8,648,572	2,209,356	4,479,160	43,786,226	1,048,365	636,539	-	-	4,663,468	68,505,340
2012	1,832,094	1,210,565	9,858,074	2,338,924	4,170,975	45,135,290	1,078,219	705,600	-	-	3,528,109	69,857,850
2013	2,243,747	1,191,970	10,249,829	2,683,550	4,602,056	44,630,715	1,232,773	565,851	-	-	3,257,314	70,657,805
2014	2,180,893	1,161,835	12,139,969	3,248,502	3,826,389	45,901,389	1,538,316	1,746,524	89,924	2,609,326	2,476,387	76,919,454
2015	2,220,308	1,234,131	10,753,707	2,887,296	3,876,099	45,490,573	1,491,094	1,116,624	99,190	472,615	2,478,022	72,119,659
2016	2,470,122	1,234,688	10,994,314	2,786,914	4,253,852	46,113,110	1,313,819	1,022,438	136,625	2,747,028	2,407,984	75,480,894

⁽¹⁾ Includes General, Special Revenue, and Capital Project funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Units.

⁽²⁾ Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Units.

ASSESSED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

		Personal		Machinery and	Merchants'		
Fiscal Year	Real Estate	Property	Mobile Homes	Tools	Capital	Public Service	<u>Total</u>
2007	\$ 1,470,914,700	\$ 194,356,760	\$ 16,177,490	\$ 78,979,755	\$ 7,131,623	\$ 73,348,270	\$ 1,840,908,598
2008	1,495,139,400	195,089,255	15,776,190	81,796,911	8,025,820	65,492,935	1,861,320,511
2009	1,531,146,400	206,267,750	12,346,600	82,343,504	7,598,061	95,323,143	1,935,025,458
2010	2,324,219,300	205,608,421	12,311,200	84,420,400	7,085,055	103,341,541	2,736,985,917
2011	2,621,264,200	210,902,741	12,320,000	83,786,106	6,379,989	98,586,596	3,033,239,632
2012	2,638,619,100	220,204,158	12,576,500	84,984,166	6,473,300	99,488,417	3,062,345,641
2013	2,380,975,900	222,483,401	12,573,000	88,407,275	6,943,910	107,140,300	2,818,523,786
2014	2,399,856,100	221,807,920	12,478,000	91,682,335	7,195,285	108,863,554	2,841,883,194
2015	2,322,802,000	228,367,429	10,230,500	102,058,311	7,959,415	110,708,512	2,782,126,167
2016	2,328,617,800	238,821,725	10,392,150	109,064,626	6,792,875	118,573,643	2,812,262,819

TABLE 6

COUNTY OF AMHERST, VIRGINIA

PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year	Rea	l Estate	 rsonal operty	Mobil	le Homes	inery and ools	 chants' apital
2007 2008	\$	0.61 0.65	\$ 3.25 3.25	\$	0.61 0.65	\$ 2.00 2.00	\$ 3.95 3.95
2009 2010		0.52 0.52	3.25 3.25		0.52 0.52	2.00 2.00	3.95 3.95
2011 2012		0.52 0.52	3.25 3.25		0.52 0.52	2.00 2.00	3.95 3.95
2013 2014		0.54 0.54	3.25 3.45		0.52 0.54	2.00 2.00	3.95 3.95
2015 2016		0.56 0.61	3.45 3.45		0.56 0.61	2.00 2.00	3.95 3.95

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections (1)	Percent of Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1, 2)	Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy
2007	\$ 17,898,255	\$ 17,334,380	96.85%	\$ 311,403	\$ 17,645,783	98.59%	\$ 577,542	3.23%
2008	18,630,497	18,146,159	97.40%	318,236	18,464,395	99.11%	636,107	3.41%
2009	21,130,560	20,430,145	96.69%	388,499	20,818,644	98.52%	829,090	3.92%
2010	21,212,184	20,228,826	95.36%	445,920	20,674,746	97.47%	1,325,725	6.25%
2011	21,458,839	20,679,986	96.37%	730,120	21,410,106	99.77%	1,541,182	7.18%
2012	22,076,519	20,921,553	94.77%	1,098,860	22,020,413	99.75%	1,468,593	6.65%
2013	22,856,724	21,564,459	94.35%	505,693	22,070,152	96.56%	1,136,956	4.97%
2014	22,796,962	22,150,167	97.16%	1,568,236	23,718,403	104.04%	1,171,922	5.14%
2015	23,299,349	22,195,862	95.26%	1,703,750	23,899,612	102.58%	991,033	4.25%
2016	24,957,139	23,599,590	94.56%	518,641	24,118,231	96.64%	1,117,498	4.48%

⁽¹⁾ Exclusive of penalties and interest.

⁽²⁾ Includes three years taxes.

RATIO OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

					Less: Debt nyable from			Ratio of Gross	
Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Assessed Value (2)	G	ross Bonded Debt ⁽³⁾	Enterprise Revenue	_	let General onded Debt	Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
riscai i cai	1 opulation	Assessed value		Debt	 Revenue		onaca Debt	Assessed value	Debt per Capita
2007	31,894	\$ 1,861,320,511	\$	25,974,366	\$ 3,950,000	\$	22,024,366	1.40%	\$ 691
2008	31,894	1,861,320,511		34,384,357	3,870,000		30,514,357	1.85%	957
2009	31,894	1,935,025,458		31,407,157	3,785,000		27,622,157	1.62%	866
2010	31,894	2,736,985,917		36,223,397	11,739,000		24,484,397	1.32%	768
2011	31,894	3,033,239,632		33,097,273	11,566,000		21,531,273	1.09%	675
2012	32,353	3,062,345,641		34,412,922	11,340,000		23,072,922	1.12%	713
2013	32,353	2,818,523,786		30,690,078	9,730,000		20,960,078	1.09%	648
2014	32,353	2,841,883,194		25,277,120	9,490,000		15,787,120	0.89%	488
2015	32,353	2,782,126,167		23,329,381	9,240,000		14,089,381	0.84%	435
2016	31,914	2,812,262,819		21,350,548	8,975,000		12,375,548	0.76%	388

⁽¹⁾ Bureau of the Census.

⁽²⁾ From Table 5.

⁽³⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation debt.

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COMPLIANCE SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Members of Board of Supervisors County of Amherst, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties*, *Cities, and Towns* and the *Specifications for Authorities, Boards, and Commissions*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Amherst, Virginia (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 8, 2017.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs at Items 2014-001 to 2014-003, that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Items 2016-001 to 2016-004.

County of Amherst, Virginia's Response to Findings

The County's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

Lynchburg, Virginia February 8, 2017



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Honorable Members of Board of Supervisors County of Amherst, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Amherst, Virginia's (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, contracts, the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County of Amherst, Virginia, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

Lynchburg, Virginia February 8, 2017

SUMMARY OF COMPLIANCE MATTERS June 30, 2016

As more fully described in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we performed tests of the County's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants shown below:

STATE COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Code of Virginia

Budget and Appropriation Laws
Cash and Investment Laws
Conflicts of Interest Act
Debt Provisions
Local Retirement Systems
Procurement Laws
Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act
Comprehensive Services Act
Sheriff Internal Controls

State Agency Requirements

Education Social Services

FEDERAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Compliance Supplement for Single Audits of State and Local Governments

Provisions and conditions of agreements related to federal programs selected for testing.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/Pass – Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Cluster Amounts	Federal Expenditures	
Department of Health and Human Services:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Social Services:				
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556		\$ 11,330	
Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF)	93.558		223,875	
Refugee and Entrant Assistance – Discretionary Grants	93.566		230	
Low Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568		25,788	
Child Care Mandatory and Matching funds of the				
Child Care and Development Fund	93.596		34,343	
Child Welfare Services – State Grants	93.645		1,298	
Foster Care – Title IV-E	93.658		134,651	
Adoption Assistance	93.659		16,498	
Social Services Block Grant	93.667		171,723	
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674		1,191	
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767		9,655	
Medical Assistance Program	93.778		297,302	
			927,884	
Department of Housing and Urban Development:				
Pass through Payments:				
Virginia Department of Housing and Community Development				
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program				
and Non-entitlement Grants	14.228		22,360	
Department of Justice:				
Pass through Payments:				
Virginia Department of Criminal Justice Services:				
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738		2,906	
Department of Agriculture:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services:				
Schools and Roads – Grants to States	10.665		70,204	
Department of Education:	10.002		70,201	
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Food Distribution – Schools	10.555	\$ 140,127		
School Breakfast Program	10.553	279,112		
National School Lunch Program	10.555	1,041,570		
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1,460,809	

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/Pass – Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Cluster Amounts	Federal Expenditures
Department of Agriculture: (Continued) Pass Through Payments: (Continued) Department of Social Services: State Administration: Matching Grants for Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561		\$ 237,365
Total Department of Agriculture Department of Transportation: Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles			1,768,378
State Community and Highway Safety Alcohol Open Container Requirements National Priority Safety Programs	20.600 20.607 20.616		20,917 7,125 696
Virginia Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Total Department of Transportation	20.205		372,909 401,647
Pass Through Payments: Department of Education: Adult Education – Basic Grants to States Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Special Education – Grants to States (Special Education Cluster) Special Education – Preschool Grants (Special Education Cluster)	84.002 84.010 84.027 84.173	\$ 1,134,918 18,957	339,036 919,974
Total Special Education Cluster			1,153,875
Career and Technical Education: Basic grants to states Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.048 84.367		66,916 152,546
Total Department of Education			2,632,347
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 5,755,522

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

The accompanying schedule of federal expenditures includes the activity of all federally assisted programs of the County of Amherst, Virginia and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, as described in Note 1 to the County's basic financial statements. All federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies, are included on this schedule.

NOTE 2 – FOOD DISTRIBUTION:

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

NOTE 3 – INDIRECT COSTS:

The County has not elected to use the de minimis 10% indirect cost rate.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS June 30, 2016

A. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an **unmodified opinion** on the financial statements.
- 2. **Three material weaknesses** relating to the audit of the financial statements is reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 3. **No instances of noncompliance** material to the financial statements were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. **No significant deficiencies** relating to the audit of the major federal award programs were reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs expresses an **unmodified opinion**.
- 6. The audit disclosed **no audit findings** relating to major programs.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs include:

Name of Program:	CFDA #
Child Nutrition Cluster – School Breakfast Program	10.553
Child Nutrition Cluster – National School Lunch Program	10.555
Special Education Cluster – Special Education – Grants to States	84.027
Special Education Cluster – Special Education – Preschool Grants	84.173

- 8. The **threshold for** distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The County was **not** determined to be a **low-risk auditee**.

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

2014-001: Segregation of Duties (Material Weakness)

Condition:

A fundamental concept of internal controls is the separation of duties. No one employee should have access to both physical assets and the related accounting records, or to all phases of a transaction. A proper segregation of duties has not been established in functions related to payroll, accounts receivable, cash disbursements, and journal entries for the Schools. A proper segregation of duties has not been established in functions related to accounts receivable and journal entries for the County.

Recommendation:

Steps should be taken to eliminate performance of conflicting duties where possible or to implement effective compensating controls.

Management's Response:

We agree that duties need to be further segregated and are making efforts to do so within our current staffing constraints.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS June 30, 2016

B. FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT (Continued)

2014-002: Segregation of Duties – Information Technology (Material Weakness)

Condition:

A fundamental concept of internal controls is the separation of duties. No one employee should have access to both physical assets and the related accounting records, or to all phases of a transaction. In addition to having normal IT system administrator rights to grant and change access to the network and financial systems, the process of processing, printing, and signing checks is able to be fully performed by only one IT employee. IT also is responsible for creating positive pay files remitted to the bank and uploading direct deposit information for paychecks.

Recommendation:

Steps should be taken to eliminate performance of conflicting duties where possible or to implement effective compensating controls.

Management's Response:

IT employees cannot enter payroll records or update the Payroll Interoffice Communications program and process records for deposit. BAI software has a security feature that tracks all changes to payroll and who approved them so that such activities can be easily traced. This data cannot be changed by anyone employed by the County. The Positive Pay file should be submitted by the Treasurer's office and the County will work on separating this function as it works on segregating duties further.

2014-003: Adjustments (Material Weakness)

Condition:

A number of adjustments were necessary for the financial statements to be in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The adjustments related primarily to improper accounting for capital assets, liabilities, and receivables, including errors noted in prior reporting periods.

Recommendation:

Management should develop policies and procedures to address these weaknesses in internal controls. Recommendations include the following:

- The Finance Department should review all County, School Board, and EDA board minutes to identify transactions that might have accounting implications.
- Supporting documents for account balances should be reviewed and approved by someone other than the preparer.
- Reconciliations of all significant balance sheet accounts should be performed at least quarterly to aid in the year end closing and adjustment process.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS June 30, 2016

B. FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT (Continued)

2014-003: Adjustments (Material Weakness)

Management's Response:

We agree that multiple adjustments were necessary as part of the audit process. Finance staff has implemented a review process and budget entry process for Board minutes that capture Board directions for tracking and fulfillment. Finance staff is also working on implementing reconciliations and review processes. These will minimize the need for auditor adjustments in future years.

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None.

D. FINDINGS - COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA

2016-001: Budget Appropriations

Condition:

Expenditures exceeded budgeted appropriations in three departments at year end as follows:

	Final Budget		 Actual	Variance		
General Fund						
Board of Supervisors	\$	222,045	\$ 259,114	\$	(37,069)	
Victim Advocate Grant		70,756	72,074		(1,318)	
Communications Dispatch		776,045	 804,607		(28,562)	
Total General Fund	\$	1,068,846	\$ 1,135,795	\$	(66,949)	

Recommendation:

Steps should be taken to ensure that excess expenditures over budgeted appropriations are approved by the Board of Supervisors and the budget amended accordingly.

Management's Response:

Management agrees with the findings and recommendations of the auditor. The Finance Director has implemented a monthly review of all departmental expenditures to insure compliance with the Commonwealth of Virginia's budgeting statute.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS June 30, 2016

D. FINDINGS – COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA (Continued)

2016-002: Annual Review of Access

Condition:

There is no evidence that the Department of Social Services' Local Security Office and supervisors are conducting annual reviews of employee access to OASIS, VaCMS, ADAPT, and EAS to ensure that the access is properly aligned with the employee's job responsibilities.

Recommendations:

The Local Security Officer and supervisors should perform and document annual reviews, ensuring that each employee's access request form matches the employee's actual access in the system and is appropriate given the employee's assigned job responsibilities.

Management's Response:

The State Department of Social Services now maintains the protocols for the annual review. The local Amherst County Department of Social Services is no longer in control of the review. So to insure that they are meeting the state requirements, the local office will now maintain any documentation sent by the state pertaining to the annual review for auditor review.

2016-003: Social Services VDSS System Access

Condition:

Terminated users were not noted as having their access privileges removed to all VDSS systems within three working days of terminations as set forth by the *Code of Virginia*.

Recommendations:

Steps should be taken to ensure that access to all VDSS systems is removed within three working days of an employee's termination.

Management's Response:

The auditee will take steps to correct this matter.

2016-004: Special Welfare Account Reconciliation

Condition:

There was no evidence that each special welfare account was reconciled monthly with the Treasurer's records.

Recommendations:

Steps should be taken to ensure that special welfare accounts are reconciled monthly to the Treasurer's records.

Management's Response:

The auditee will take steps to correct this matter.